



GasLog Partners LP Q1 2019 Results Presentation

April 25, 2019



Forward-Looking Statements

All statements in this presentation that are not statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements that address activities, events or developments that the Partnership expects, projects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future, particularly in relation to our operations, cash flows, financial position, liquidity and cash available for dividends or distributions, plans, strategies, business prospects and changes and trends in our business and the markets in which we operate. We caution that these forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this presentation, about factors that are beyond our ability to control or predict, and are not intended to give any assurance as to future results. Any of these factors or a combination of these factors could materially affect future results of operations and the ultimate accuracy of the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not unduly rely on any forward-looking statements.

Factors that might cause future results and outcomes to differ include, but are not limited to, the following

- general LNG shipping market conditions and trends, including spot and multi-year charter rates, ship values, factors affecting supply and demand of LNG and LNG shipping, technological advancements and opportunities for the profitable operations of LNG carriers;
- fluctuations in charter hire rates and vessel values;
- our ability to secure new multi-year charters at economically attractive rates;
- our ability to maximize the use of our vessels, including the re-deployment or disposition of vessels which are not under multi-year charters, including the risk that certain of our vessels may no longer have the latest technology at such time which may impact the rate at which we can charter such vessels;
- changes in our operating expenses, including crew wages, maintenance, dry-docking and insurance costs and bunker prices;
- number of off-hire days and dry-docking requirements including our ability to complete scheduled dry dockings on time and within budget;
- planned capital expenditures and availability of capital resources to fund capital expenditures;
- fluctuations in prices for crude oil, petroleum products and natural gas;
- fluctuations in exchange rates, especially the U.S. dollar and Euro;
- our ability to expand our portfolio by acquiring vessels through our drop-down pipeline with GasLog or by acquiring other assets from third parties;
- our ability to leverage GasLog’s relationships and reputation in the shipping industry;
- the ability of GasLog to maintain long-term relationships with major energy companies and major LNG producers, marketers and consumers;
- GasLog’s relationships with its employees and ship crews, its ability to retain key employees and provide services to us, and the availability of skilled labor, ship crews and management;
- changes in the ownership of our charterers;
- our customers’ performance of their obligations under our time charters and other contracts;
- our future operating performance, financial condition, liquidity and cash available for distributions;
- our ability to obtain financing to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions and other corporate activities, funding by banks of their financial commitments, funding by GasLog of the revolving credit facility and our ability to meet our restrictive covenants and other obligations under our credit facilities;
- future, pending or recent acquisitions of ships or other assets, business strategy, areas of possible expansion and expected capital spending;
- risks inherent in ship operation, including the discharge of pollutants;
- any malfunction or disruption of information technology systems and networks that our operations rely on or any impact of a possible cybersecurity event;
- the expected cost of and our ability to comply with environmental and regulatory conditions, including changes in laws and regulations or actions taken by regulatory authorities, governmental organizations, classification societies and standards imposed by our charterers applicable to our business;
- potential disruption of shipping routes due to accidents, political events, piracy or acts by terrorists;
- potential liability from future litigation; and
- other risks and uncertainties described in the Partnership’s Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on February 26, 2019, available at <http://www.sec.gov>.

We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events, a change in our views or expectations or otherwise, except as required by applicable law. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of these factors. Further, we cannot assess the impact of each such factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to be materially different from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

The declaration and payment of distributions are at all times subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, amongst other things, risks and uncertainties described above, restrictions in our credit facilities, the provisions of Marshall Islands law and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant.



Track Record Of Delivering On Our Strategy

1 \$280M annual EBITDA in dropdown pipeline

2 Demonstrated access to diverse capital sources

3 Met distribution guidance in every year since IPO

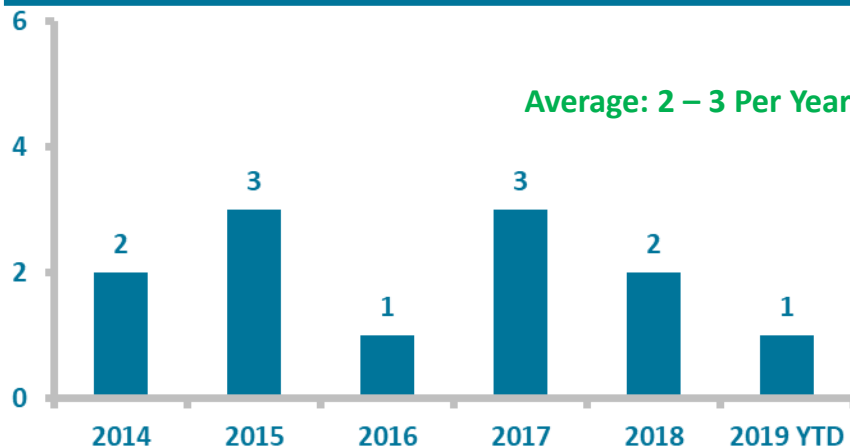
4 Unit buyback programme enhances total return

5 LNG shipping market poised to rebound

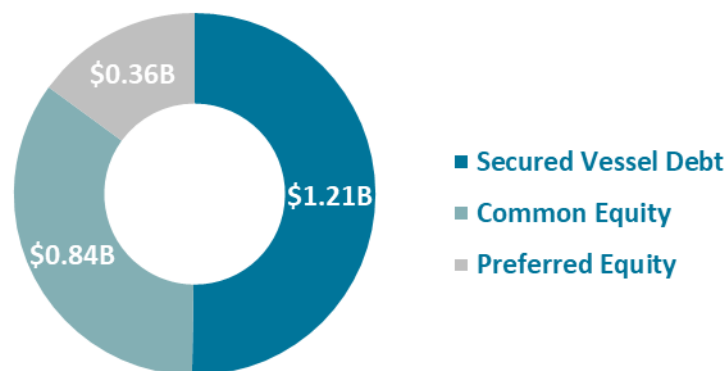
Stable And Growing EBITDA (\$M)⁽¹⁾



Vessel Acquisitions



\$2.4B Of Capital Raised Since IPO, 1099 Reporting



1. EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measures, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog Partners' financial results presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). For the definition and reconciliation of this measure to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with the Partnership Performance Results, please refer to the Appendix to these slides.



GasLog Partners' Q1 2019 Highlights

- Partnership Performance Results⁽¹⁾ for Revenues and EBITDA⁽²⁾ increased 12% and 13%, respectively, over the first quarter of 2018
- Cash distribution of \$0.55 per common unit for the first quarter, unchanged from the fourth quarter of 2018 and 3.8% higher than the first quarter of 2018
 - Distribution coverage ratio⁽³⁾ of 1.03x
- Acquisition of the *GasLog Glasgow* from GasLog Ltd. (“GasLog”) for \$214.0 million, with attached multi-year charter to a subsidiary of Royal Dutch Shell plc (“Shell”)
- Entered into new five-year amortizing revolving credit facility on February 20, 2019 (the “2019 Partnership Facility”), which successfully refinanced \$354.4 million of current debt, due in November 2019, and delivered \$90.0 million of incremental liquidity
- Dropdown pipeline increased to 13 vessels following two new GasLog charters to subsidiaries of Endesa S.A. (“Endesa”) and JERA Co., Inc. (“JERA”)
- Reiterating 2% - 4% distribution growth guidance for 2019
 - \$25 million unit repurchase programme provides additional source of capital return

1. Partnership Performance Results represent the results attributable to GasLog Partners which are non-GAAP financial measures.

2. EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog Partners' financial results presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). For the definition and reconciliation of this measure to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with the Partnership Performance Results, please refer to the Appendix to these slides.

3. Distribution coverage ratio represents the ratio of Distributable cash flow to the Cash distribution declared.



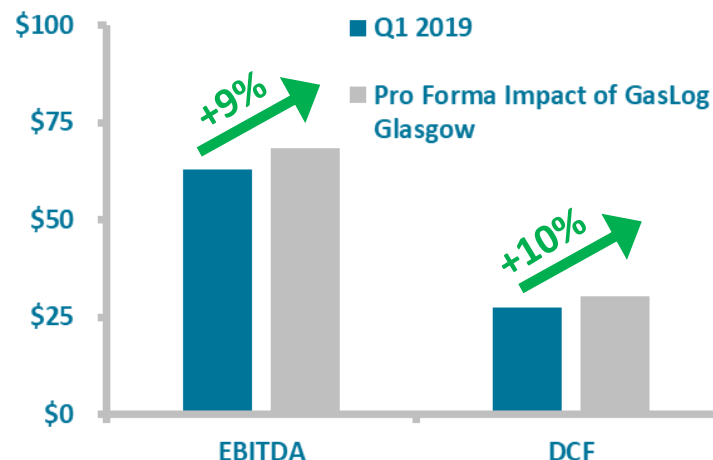
Continued Fleet, EBITDA And Distributable Cash Flow Growth From *GasLog Glasgow* Acquisition

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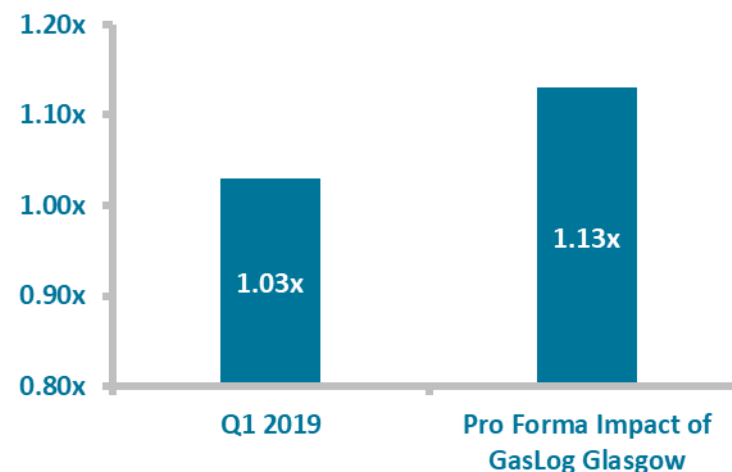
GasLog Glasgow

Announcement Date	March 13, 2019
Closing Date	April 1, 2019
Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾	\$214.0 million
Size / Propulsion	174,000 cbm / tri-fuel diesel electric
Year Built	2016
Charter Period / Customer	June 2026 to Shell
Extension Options	5 years
Estimated NTM EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$23.5 million
Acquisition Multiple ⁽³⁾	9.1x Estimated NTM EBITDA
Financing	\$79.9 million available liquidity \$134.1 million in assumed debt

Q1 2019 EBITDA And DCF (\$M)^{(2),(4)}



Q1 2019 Distribution Coverage Ratio⁽⁴⁾



1. Includes \$1 million of positive net working capital

2. For the first 12 months after the closing. Estimated NTM EBITDA and distributable cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures. Please refer to appendix for a definition of this measure for *GasLog Glasgow*

3. Acquisition multiple is calculated using purchase price net of \$1 million of positive net working capital

4. Pro forma impact assumes the *GasLog Glasgow* acquisition closed on January 1, 2019.



Continued Year-On-Year Growth In Revenues, EBITDA And Distributable Cash Flow

<i>(US\$,000 unless otherwise stated)</i>	Q1 2018	Q4 2018	Q1 2019	% change vs Q1 2018
Revenues	77,061	83,134	86,325	12.0%
<i>GasLog Shanghai net pool performance</i>	-	8,971	3,442	-
OPEX	15,591	14,986	17,118	9.8%
<i>Ownership days (ex. Solaris)</i>	990	1,151	1,170	18.2%
<i>Unit OPEX (US\$ per vessel per day)</i>	15,748	13,020	14,630	(7.1%)
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	55,830	65,716	62,901	12.7%
Distributable cash flow ⁽¹⁾	27,462	31,401	27,608	0.5%
Quarterly Cash Distribution (\$/unit)	\$0.53	\$0.55	\$0.55	3.8%
Annualized Cash Distribution (\$/unit)	\$2.12	\$2.20	\$2.20	3.8%
Distribution Coverage Ratio	1.13x	1.17x	1.03x	
Adjusted Distribution Coverage Ratio ⁽²⁾	1.13x	1.22x	1.03x	

1. EBITDA and Distributable cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog Partners' financial results presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). For the definition and reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with the Partnership Performance Results, please refer to the Appendix to these slides.

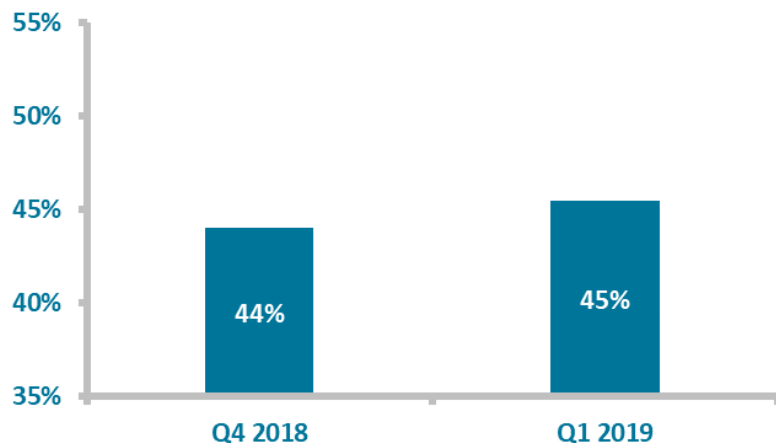
2. Excludes the impact of the scheduled dry docking of *GasLog Seattle* in Q4 2018.



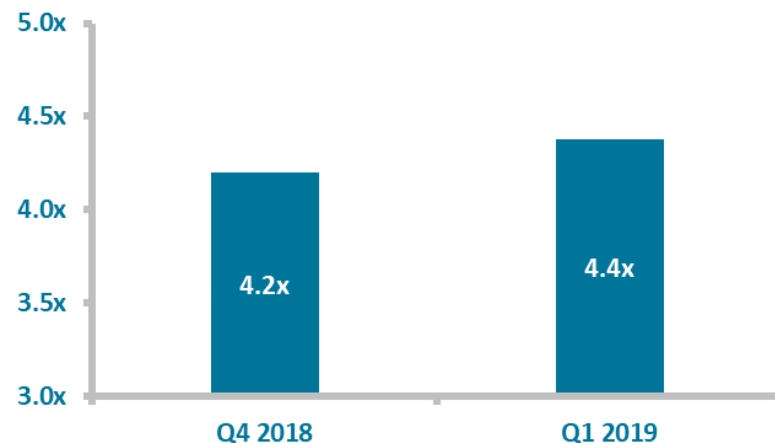
Significant Balance Sheet Capacity To Fund Future Growth, Nearest Debt Maturity In 2021

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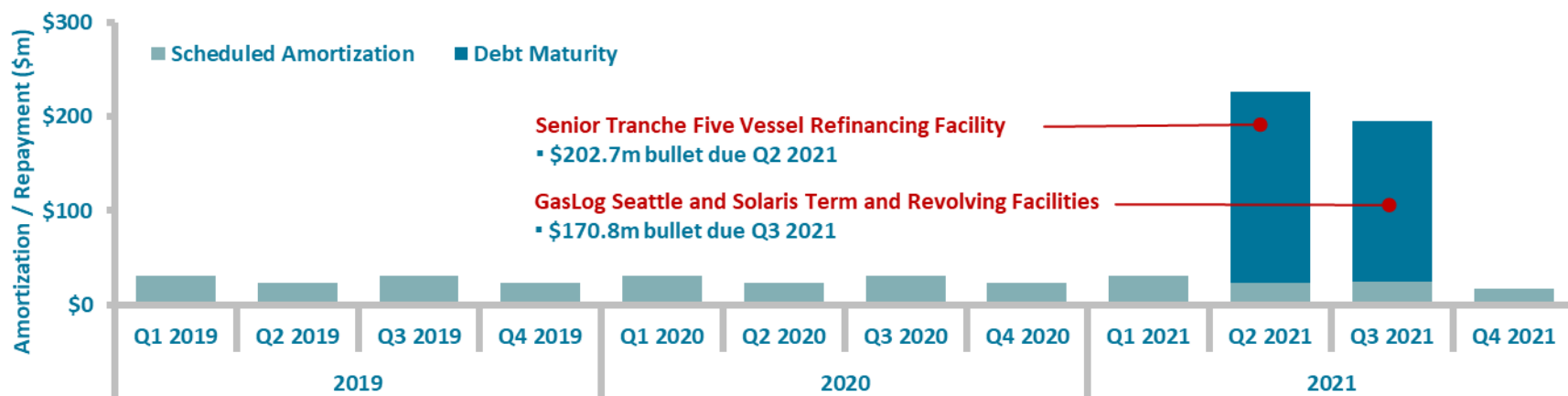
Net Debt / Capitalization



Net Debt / EBITDA (Last Quarter Annualized)⁽¹⁾



Scheduled Amortization And Debt Maturities (2019-2021)



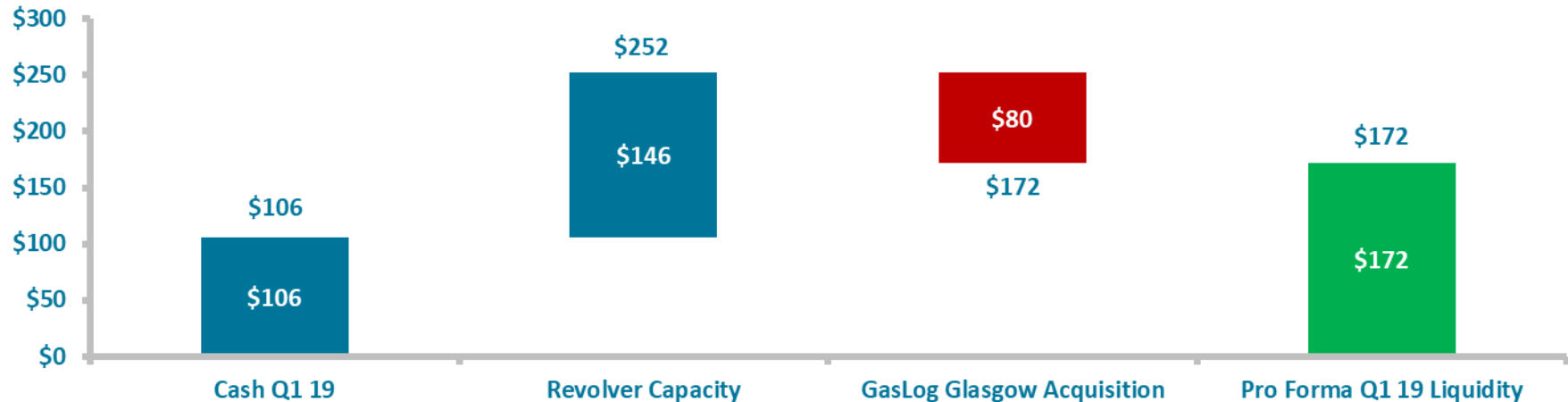
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Liquidity Enhanced, Interest Payments Reduced And Capital Providers Diversified Following Refinancing

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GasLog Partners Available Liquidity For Pro Forma *GasLog Glasgow* Acquisition (\$M)



GasLog Partners New Credit Facility

- GasLog Partners one of small number of shipping companies with access to attractively priced Japanese bank debt market
- \$360 million drawn to refinance \$450 million credit facility due in November 2019
- Delivers \$90 million of incremental liquidity
- Margin of 2-2.2% over LIBOR, reduction from previous facility, and improved covenant package

CREDIT SUISSE

Nordea

DBJ
Development Bank of Japan Inc.





Acquisition Of The *GasLog Glasgow* Enhances Our Revenue, EBITDA And Cash Flow Visibility...

Vessel	Propulsion	Built	Capacity (cbm)	Charterer	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
GasLog Partners LP										
GasLog Shanghai (Cool Pool)	TFDE	2013	155,000	Spot						
Methane Rita Andrea	Steam	2006	145,000							
Methane Shirley Elisabeth	Steam	2007	145,000							
GasLog Sydney ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2013	155,000							
Methane Jane Elizabeth ⁽⁴⁾	Steam	2006	145,000	/						
Methane Alison Victoria ⁽⁴⁾	Steam	2007	145,000	/						
Methane Heather Sally	Steam	2007	145,000							
GasLog Seattle	TFDE	2013	155,000							
Solaris	TFDE	2014	155,000							
GasLog Santiago ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2013	155,000							
GasLog Geneva ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2016	174,000							
GasLog Gibraltar ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2016	174,000							
Methane Becki Anne ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2010	170,000							
GasLog Greece ⁽¹⁾	TFDE	2016	174,000							
GasLog Glasgow ^{(1), (2)}	TFDE	2016	174,000							

Firm Period
 Optional Period
 Available / Short-Term Charter

No Additional Dropdowns Required To Meet Our 2-4% Distribution Growth Guidance For 2019

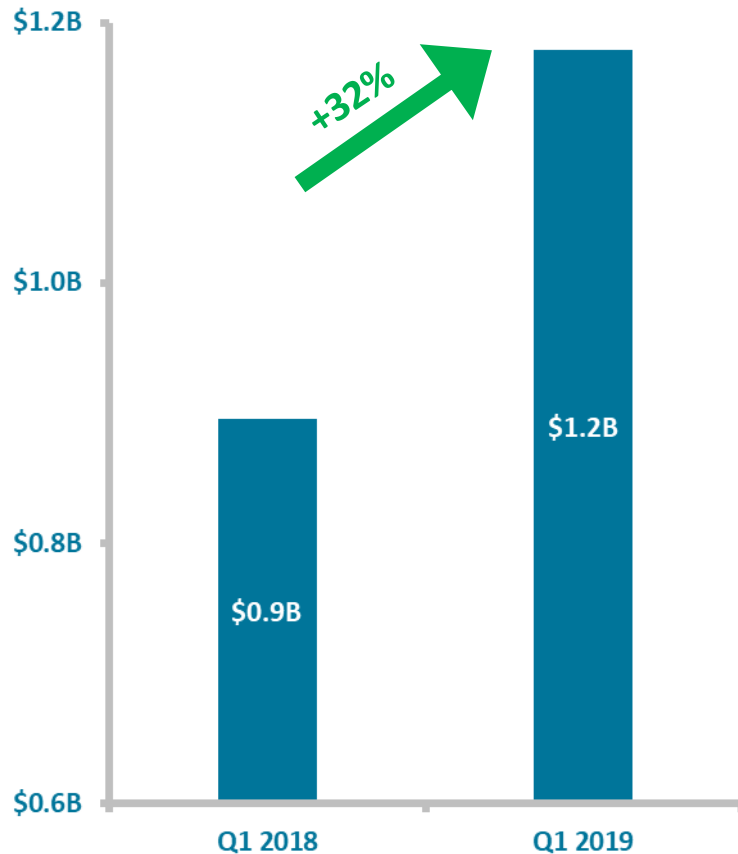
1. Please refer to the Appendix of this presentation for notes pertaining to GasLog Partners' fleet



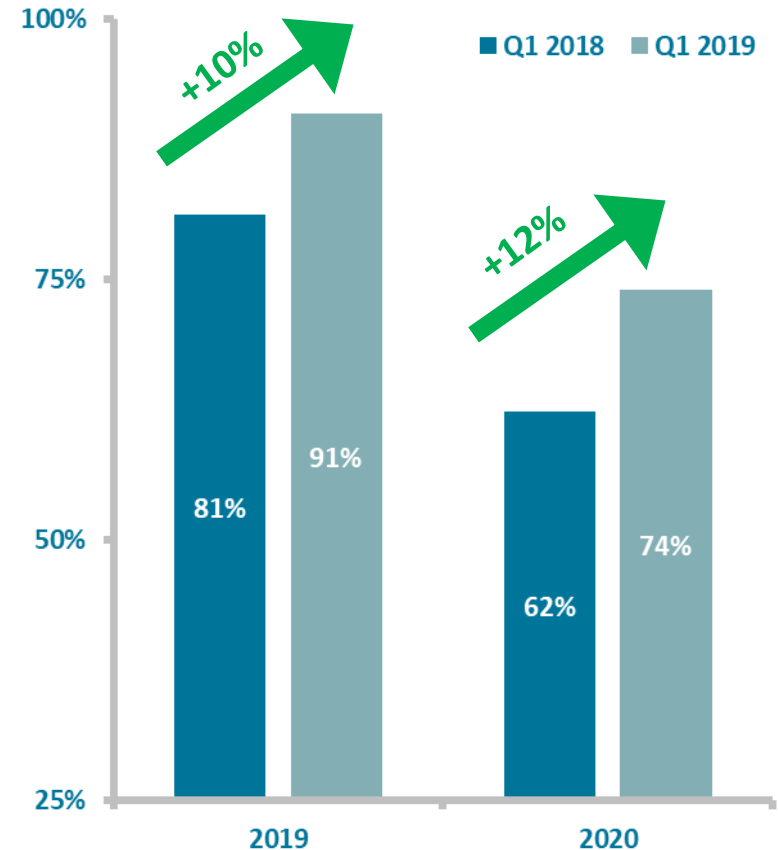
...Contributing Further To Our Backlog And Charter Coverage

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GasLog Partners' Revenue Backlog (\$B)⁽¹⁾



2019 and 2020 % Of Contracted Days⁽¹⁾



Average Charter Duration Of Approximately 3 Years

1. As of March 31, 2019 and Pro forma for the acquisition of the GasLog Glasgow, which closed on April 1, 2019



Approximately \$2.8B In Backlog And Over \$280 Million In Annualized EBITDA In Our Dropdown Pipeline

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Dropdown Pipeline At GasLog Ltd.⁽¹⁾

Vessel	Propulsion	Built	Capacity (cbm)	Charterer	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
GasLog Ltd.										
GasLog Hong Kong ^{(1), (3)}	X-DF	2018	174,000	TOTAL						
Methane Julia Louise ^{(1), (5)}	TFDE	2010	170,000							
GasLog Genoa ⁽¹⁾	X-DF	2018	174,000							
GasLog Houston ⁽¹⁾	X-DF	2018	174,000							
GasLog Gladstone ⁽¹⁾	X-DF	2019	174,000							
GasLog Warsaw	X-DF	2019	180,000	endesa						
Hull 2213	X-DF	2020	180,000	centrica						
Hull 2274	X-DF	2020	180,000	Jera						
Hull 2262	X-DF	2020	180,000	centrica						
Hull 2300	X-DF	2020	174,000	CHENIERE						
Hull 2301	X-DF	2020	174,000	CHENIERE						
Hull 2311	X-DF	2021	180,000	CHENIERE						
Hull 2312	X-DF	2021	180,000	CHENIERE						

Firm Period
 Optional Period
 Available / Short-Term Charter

Recent Newbuild Charter Awards At GasLog Ltd.

- On March 21, 2019 GasLog announced a new 8 year charter with Spanish utility, Endesa, commencing in May 2021 for the *GasLog Warsaw*, delivering in July 2019
- On March 28, 2019 GasLog announced a new 12 year charter with Japanese utility, JERA, for previously uncommitted newbuild HN 2274 delivering in April 2020

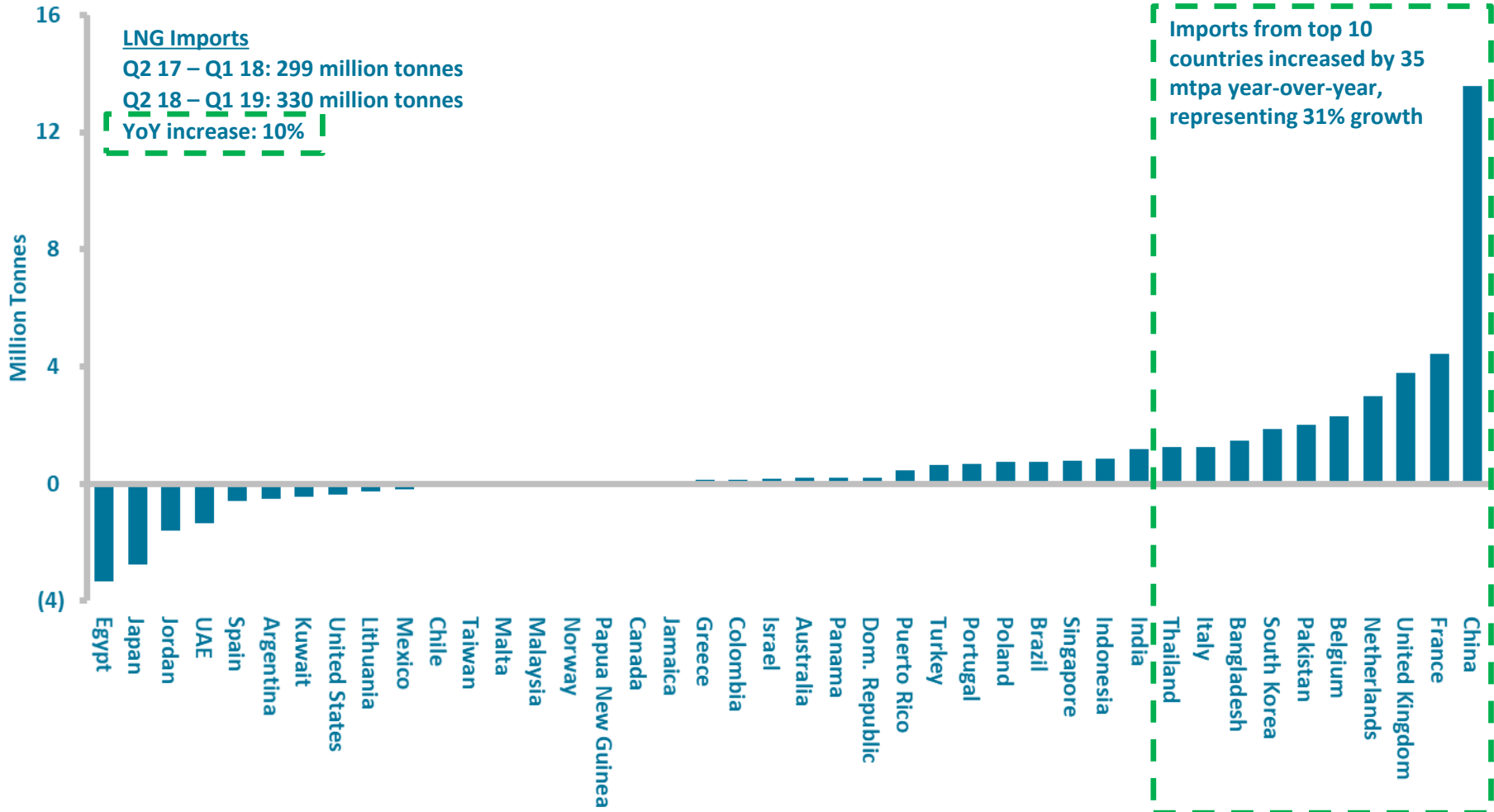
1. Please refer to the Appendix of this presentation for notes pertaining to GasLog Ltd.'s fleet



LNG Demand Continues To Increase, Despite Unusually Warm Winter In Asia...

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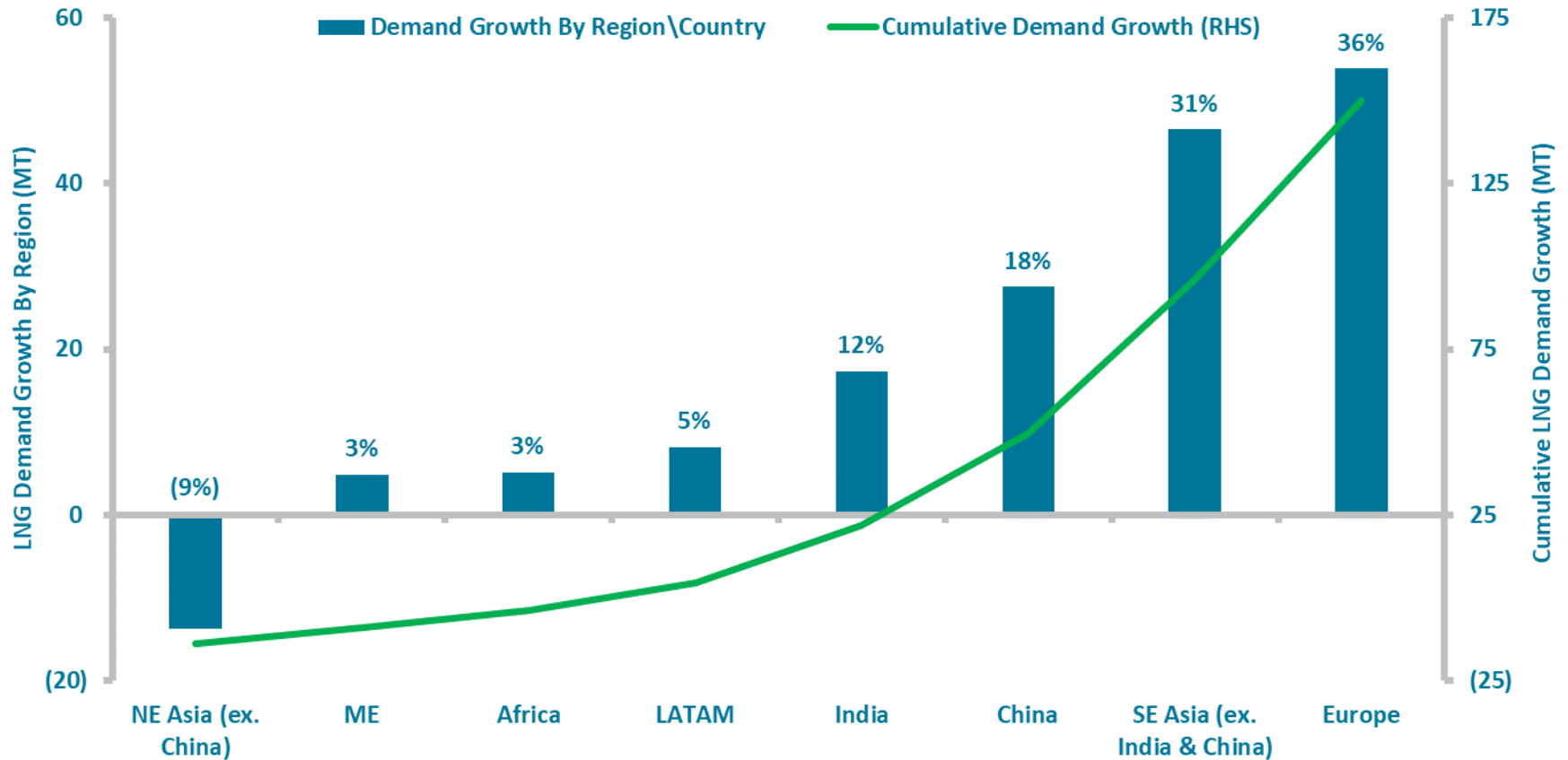
LNG Demand (MT) By Country On Trailing 12-Month Basis





...And Forecasted Demand Growth Is Globally Diverse

LNG Demand Growth 2018-2025 (MT)



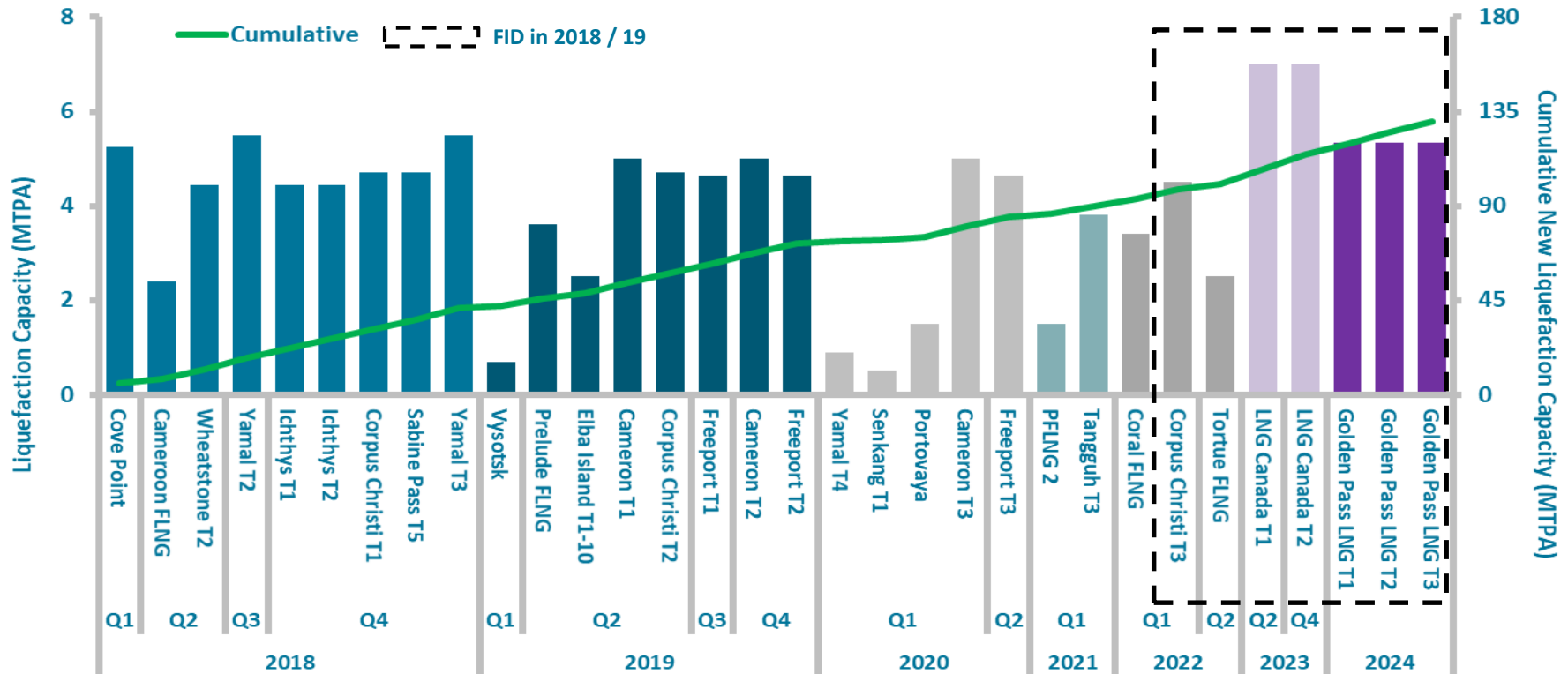
Over 80% Of Forecasted Demand Growth Is Outside Of China During 2018-25



Expected LNG Supply Growth Through 2024 Underpinned By US Production And Recent FIDs

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Actual And Expected LNG Capacity Additions 2018-2024



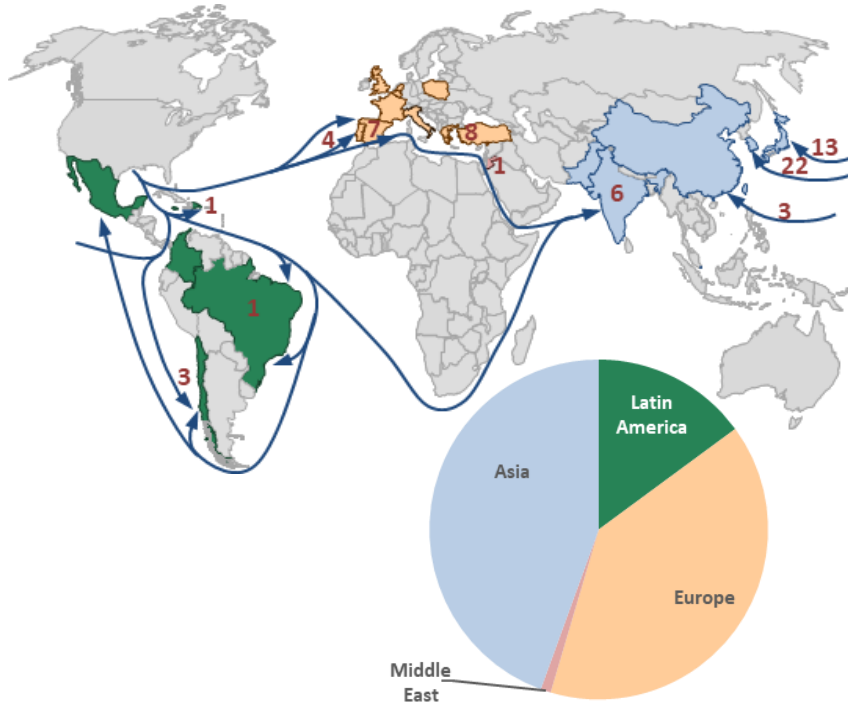
- At least 89 mtpa of new liquefaction capacity is scheduled to come online during 2019-24
 - Over 65% of new capacity is located in the US
- Approximately 37 mtpa of new capacity has been sanctioned in the last 12 months
- Wood Mackenzie anticipates 50 mtpa of additional LNG capacity to be sanctioned by end 2019



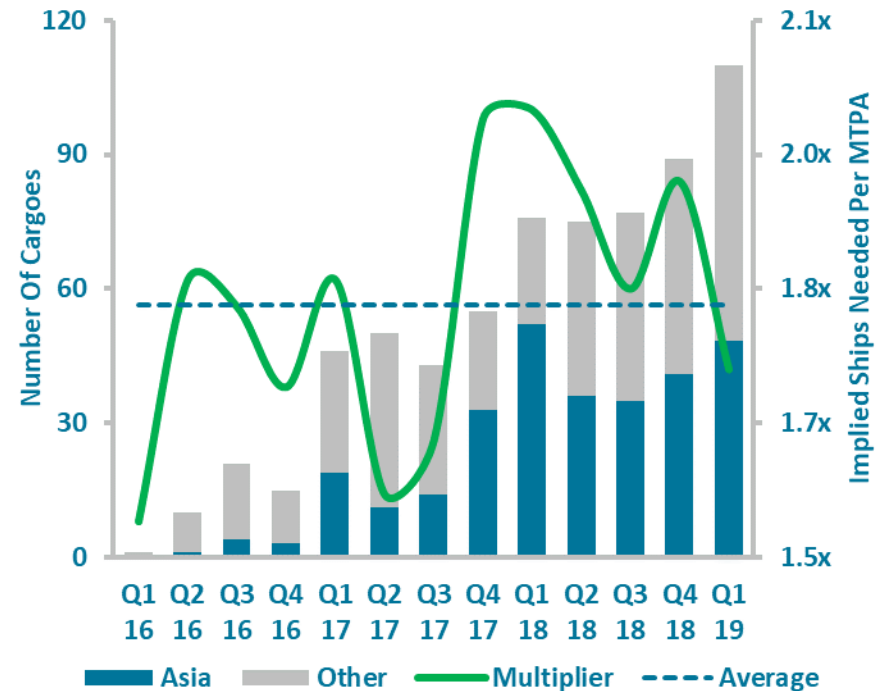
US Exports Of LNG Continue To Support A Shipping Multiplier In Excess of Historical Levels

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Q1 19 US LNG Export Destinations⁽¹⁾



US Exports And Shipping Multiplier Q1 16 – Q1 19⁽²⁾



- The US exported 110 cargoes in Q1 2019, compared with 76 in Q1 2018 and 89 in Q4 2018
 - 44% of US exports were delivered to Asia, despite limited arbitrage between Atlantic and Pacific gas prices
 - Approximately 50% of long-term LNG supply agreements out of the US are to buyers in Asia
- Since the start of US exports, approximately 1.8 ships have been needed for each 1 mtpa of US supply, compared to a historical global average shipping multiplier of 1.3x

1. Numbers represent the number of cargoes imported to each country

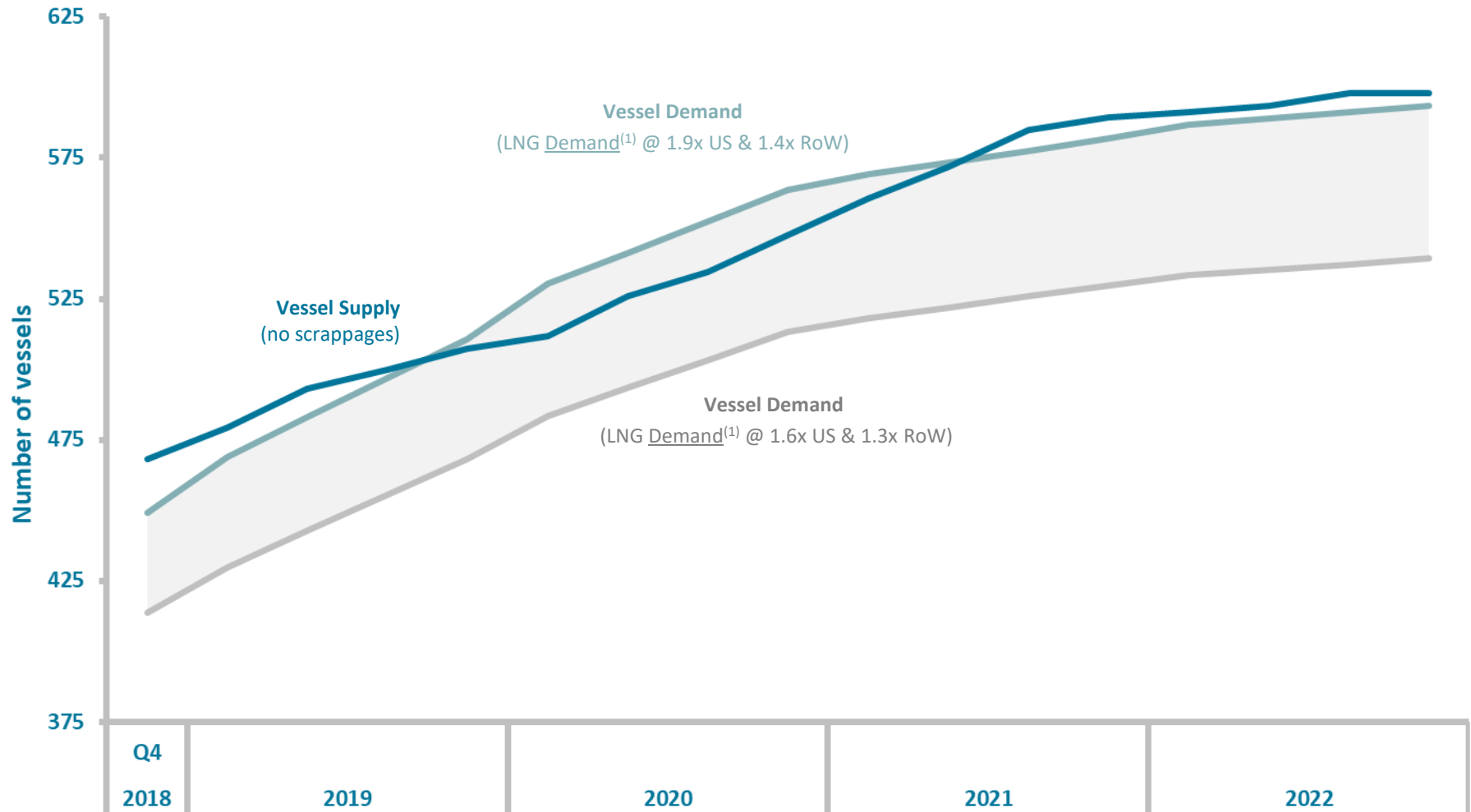
2. Normalised to a vessel capacity of 160,000 m³



Growth In LNG Demand Continues To Require Incremental Shipping Capacity

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Projected LNGC Vessel Supply & Demand Balance (160k CBM Vessel Equivalent)



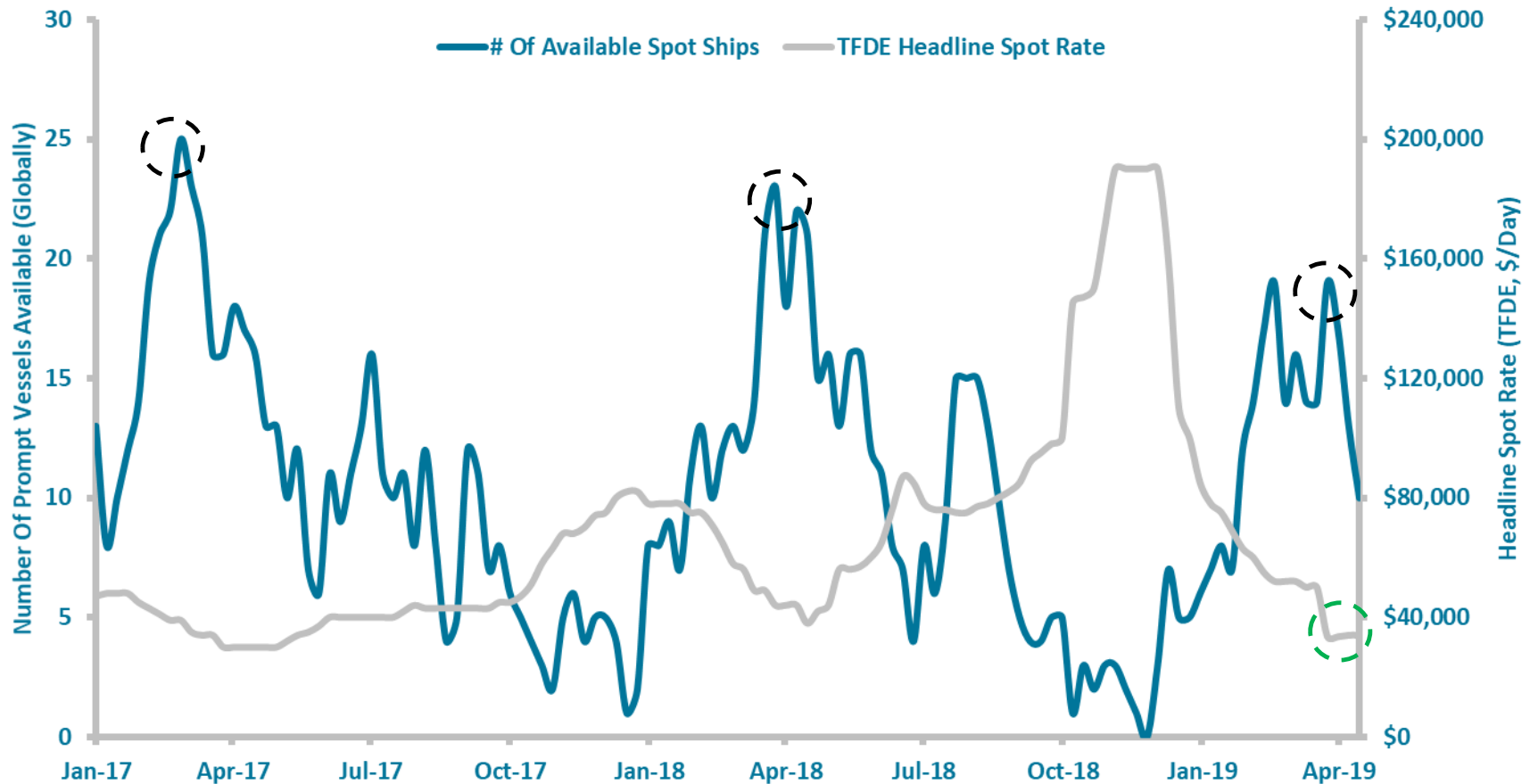
1. Projected LNG Vessel Demand high and low cases are based on Wood Mackenzie LNG Demand^{(3) (4)} forecast and the respective vessel-to-volume multipliers, as annotated in the chart legend
 2. Projected LNG Vessel Demand are based on Wood Mackenzie LNG Supply^{(3) (4)} forecast and the respective vessel-to-volume multipliers, as annotated in the chart legend
 3. Demand breakdown between US and Rest of World (RoW) is based on Wood Mackenzie supply estimates
 4. Annual Wood Mackenzie demand & supply forecasts assumed to increase quarterly on a linear basis
- Source: Wood Mackenzie, Poten



Spot Market Poised To Rebound As Number Of Available Spot Ships Decline...

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Number Of Available Spot LNGCs v. Spot Headline Charter Rates (TFDE, \$/Day)



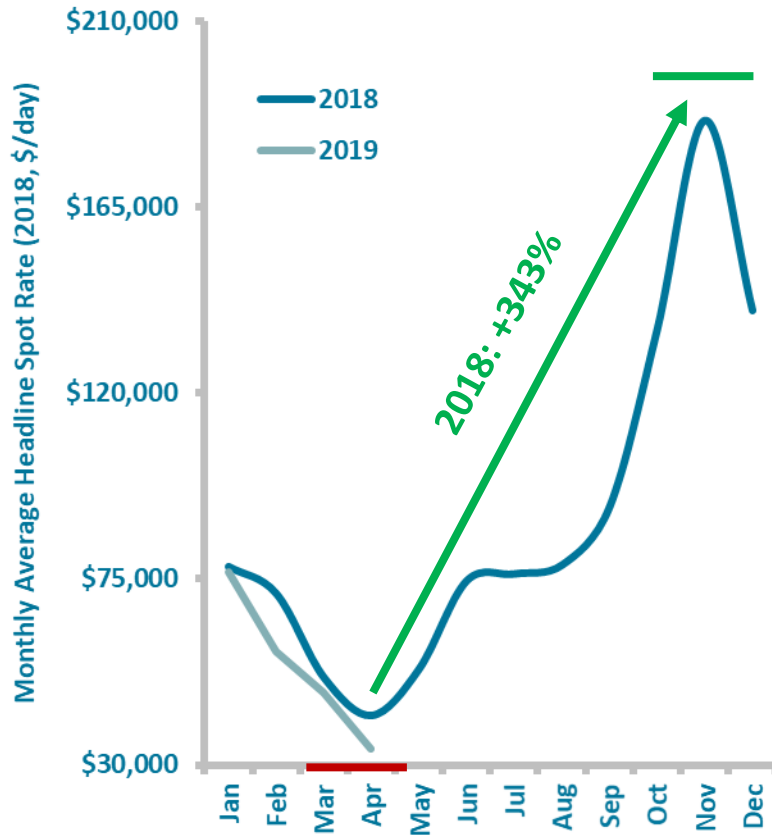
Poten Estimates 10 Prompt LNGCs Available, Down From A Peak Of 19 Vessels At End Q1 2019



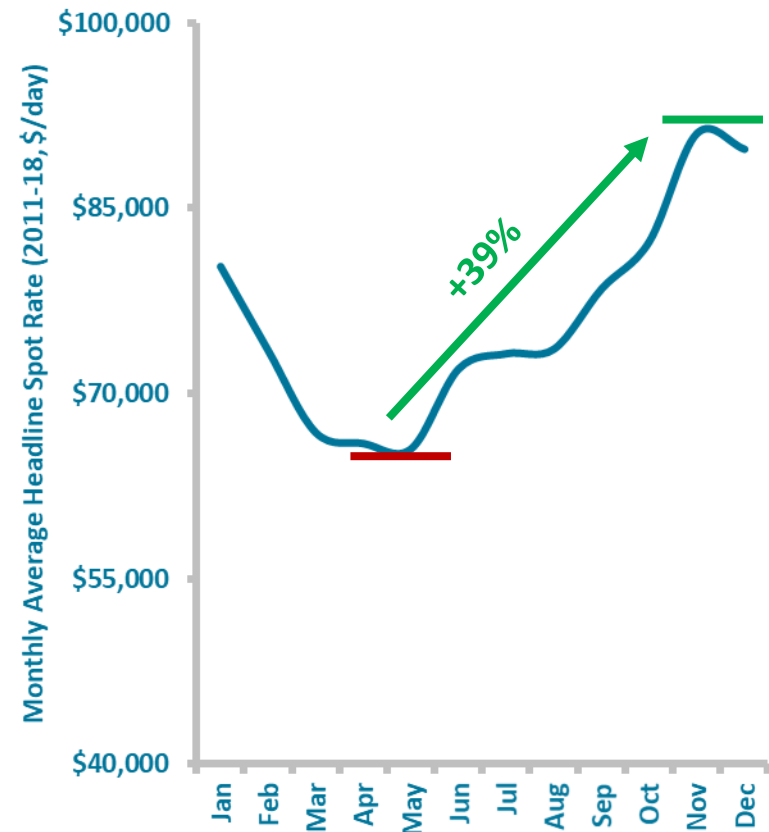
...Spot Rates Are Typically Seasonal And Have Historically Bottomed In Early Spring...

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Average Monthly Headline TFDE Spot Rate



Average Monthly Headline TFDE Spot Rate (2011-18)



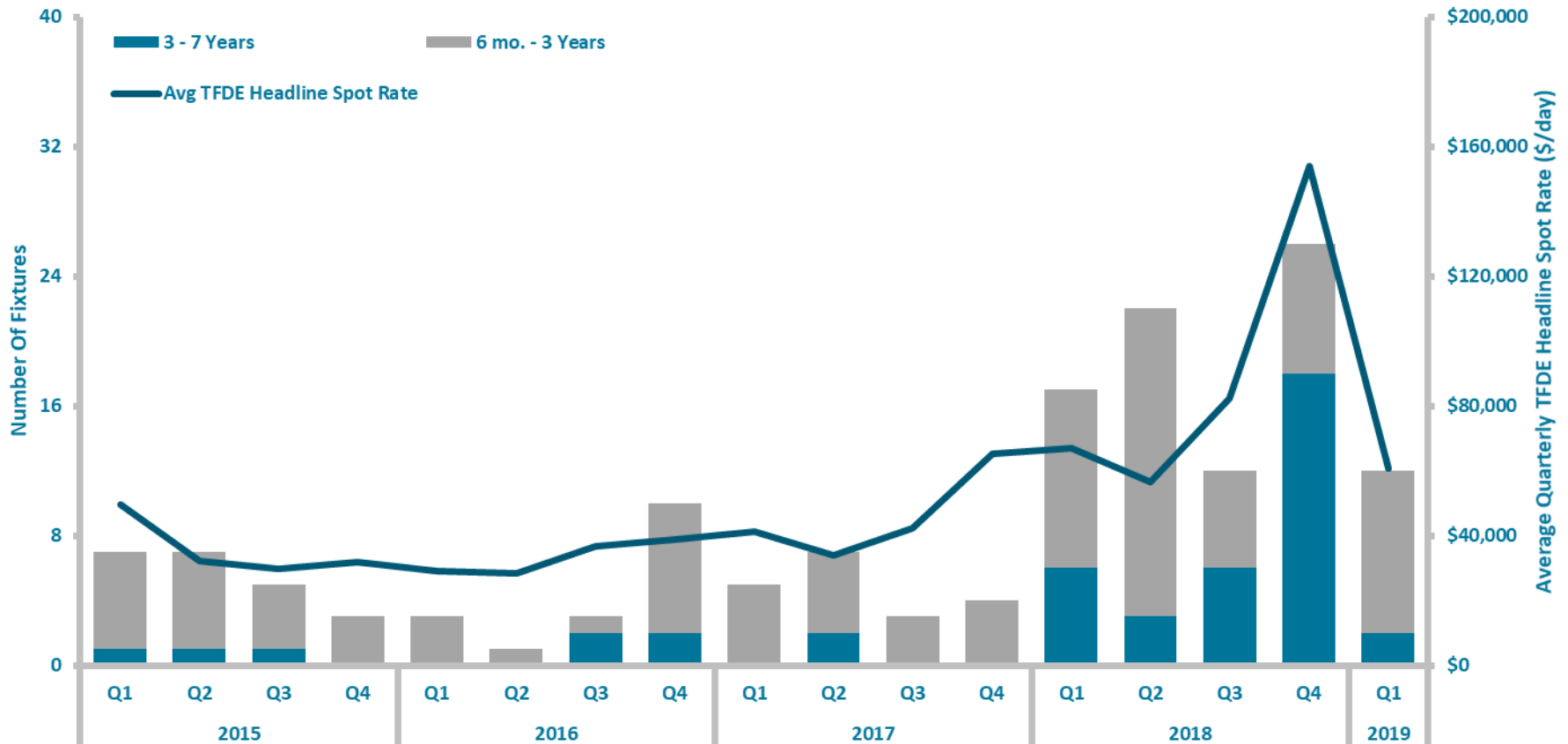
Clarksons Currently Assessing TFDE Spot Rates At \$34,000/Day



... And Recent History Shows An Improving Spot Market Increases Opportunities For Multi-Year Charters

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Average Quarterly Headline TFDE Spot Rate (\$/Day) v. Number Of Fixtures Between 6 Months And 7 Years



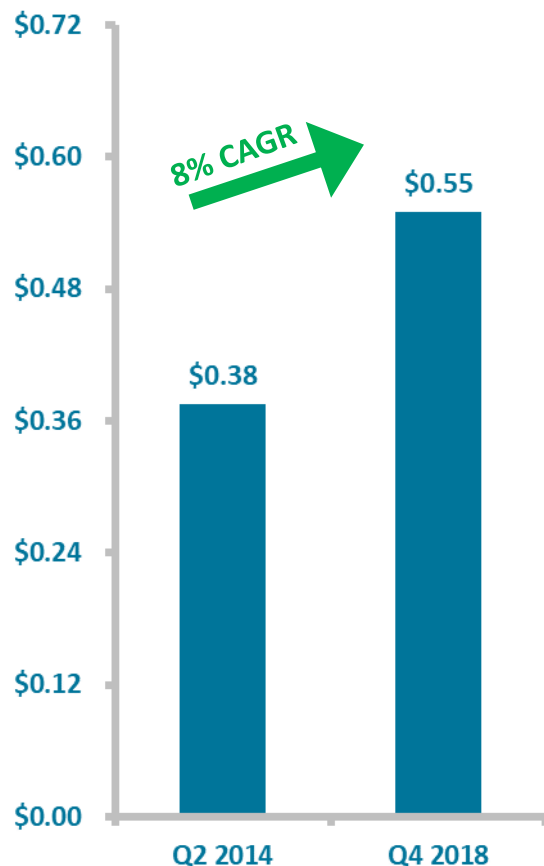
24% Of All Fixtures In Q1 19 Were Greater Than 6 Months In Duration, Up From 20% In Q1 18



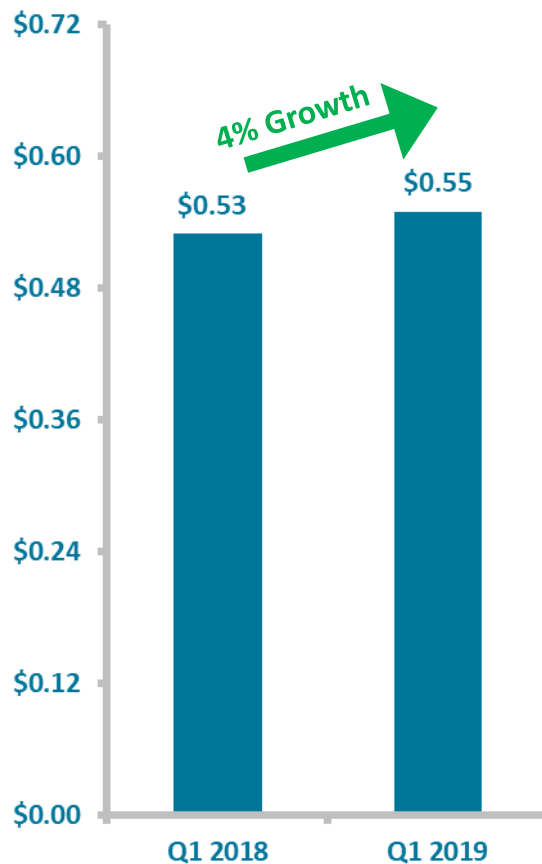
Distribution Growth History And Guidance

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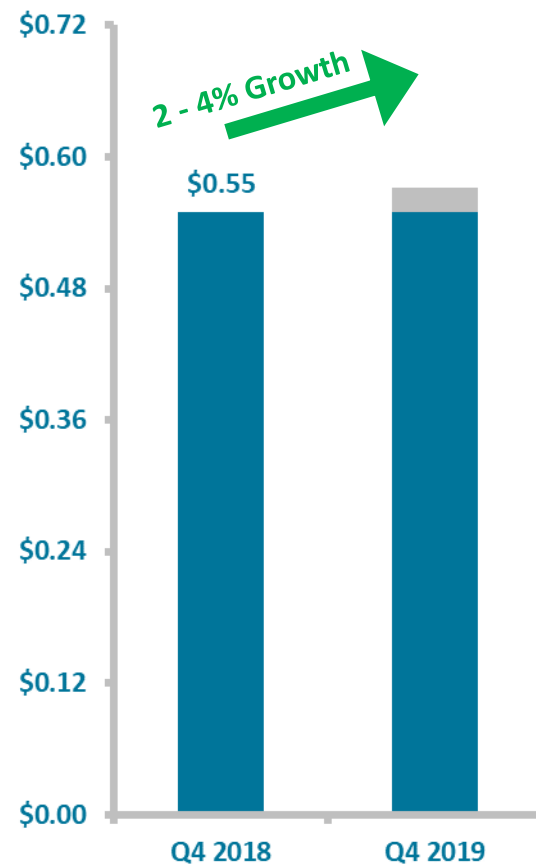
Cash Distribution Paid Since IPO



Q1 2019 Distribution



2019 Distribution Guidance



\$25 Million Unit Buyback Programme Provides Additional Source Of Capital Return



1 Stable and growing EBITDA supported by \$1.2 billion backlog

2 4% distribution growth over Q1 2018, and reiteration of distribution growth guidance of 2% to 4% for 2019

3 13 vessel dropdown pipeline and access to capital to fund growth

4 New liquefaction and strong LNG demand support improving LNG shipping market and re-chartering opportunities



APPENDIX



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest income and expense, gain/loss on derivatives, taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is used as a supplemental financial measure by management and external users of financial statements, such as investors, to assess our financial and operating performance. The Partnership believes that this non-GAAP financial measure assists our management and investors by increasing the comparability of our performance from period to period. The Partnership believes that including EBITDA assists our management and investors in (i) understanding and analyzing the results of our operating and business performance, (ii) selecting between investing in us and other investment alternatives and (iii) monitoring our ongoing financial and operational strength in assessing whether to purchase and/or continue to hold our common units. This increased comparability is achieved by excluding the potentially disparate effects between periods of financial costs, gain/loss on derivatives, taxes, depreciation and amortization, which items are affected by various and possibly changing financing methods, financial market conditions, capital structure and historical cost basis, and which items may significantly affect results of operations between periods.

EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered as an alternative to, or as a substitute for, or superior to, profit, profit from operations, earnings per unit or any other measure of operating performance presented in accordance with IFRS. Some of these limitations include the fact that it does not reflect (i) our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments, (ii) changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs and (iii) the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt. Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements. It is not adjusted for all non-cash income or expense items that are reflected in our statement of cash flows and other companies in our industry may calculate this measure differently to how we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect profit or loss and these measures may vary among other companies. Therefore, EBITDA as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Distributable cash flow means EBITDA, on the basis of the Partnership Performance Results, after considering financial costs for the period, including realized loss on derivatives, interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts and excluding amortization of loan fees, lease expense, estimated dry-docking and replacement capital reserves established by the Partnership and accrued distributions on preference units, whether or not declared. Estimated dry-docking and replacement capital reserves represent capital expenditures required to renew and maintain over the long-term the operating capacity of, or the revenues generated by, our capital assets. Distributable cash flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is a quantitative standard used by investors in publicly-traded partnerships to assess their ability to make quarterly cash distributions. Our calculation of Distributable cash flow may not be comparable to that reported by other companies. Distributable cash flow has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered as an alternative to, or substitute for, or superior to, profit or loss, profit or loss from operations, earnings per unit or any other measure of operating performance presented in accordance with IFRS.



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

GasLog Glasgow - Estimated NTM EBITDA

For the entity owning *GasLog Glasgow*, estimated EBITDA for the first 12 months of operation following the completion of the acquisition is based on the following assumptions:

- timely receipt of charter hire specified in the charter contract;
- utilization of 363 days per year and no drydocking;
- vessel operating and supervision costs and charter commissions per current internal estimates; and
- general and administrative expenses based on management's current internal estimates.

GasLog and GasLog Partners consider the above assumptions to be reasonable as of April 25, 2019, but if these assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual EBITDA for the entity owning the vessel could differ materially from our estimates. The prospective financial information was not prepared with a view toward public disclosure or with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, but, in the view of management, was prepared on a reasonable basis and reflects the best currently available estimates and judgments. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the prospective financial information. Neither our independent auditors nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information contained above, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, such prospective financial information.



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Reconciliation of Distributable Cash Flow to Profit:
(Amounts expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

For the Quarter Ended

	30-Jun-14 ⁽¹⁾	30-Sep-14	31-Dec-14	31-Mar-15	30-Jun-15	30-Sep-15	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	30-Jun-16	30-Sep-16	31-Dec-16	31-Mar-17	30-Jun-17	30-Sep-17	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-18	30-Jun-18	30-Sep-18	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-19
Partnership's profit for the period	\$3,823	\$9,575	\$1,146	\$12,897	\$12,614	\$19,230	\$20,299	\$16,191	\$17,383	\$18,869	\$24,827	\$21,022	\$19,358	\$25,299	\$28,438	\$32,002	\$22,901	\$27,270	\$20,424	\$20,366
Depreciation	\$2,157	\$4,083	\$7,112	\$6,832	\$6,895	\$11,099	\$11,155	\$11,103	\$10,949	\$11,116	\$12,062	\$12,362	\$13,466	\$15,580	\$16,785	\$16,786	\$17,974	\$18,710	\$19,681	\$20,380
Financial costs	\$1,382	\$2,588	\$11,236	\$3,950	\$4,030	\$6,923	\$6,886	\$7,181	\$7,252	\$7,333	\$8,421	\$8,782	\$10,288	\$12,289	\$13,557	\$13,888	\$14,552	\$15,533	\$16,285	\$17,902
Financial income	(\$3)	(\$9)	(\$11)	(\$9)	(\$8)	(\$5)	(\$2)	(\$18)	(\$24)	(\$83)	(\$54)	(\$117)	(\$228)	(\$311)	(\$316)	(\$519)	(\$579)	(\$581)	(\$719)	(\$624)
Loss / (gain) on interest rate swaps	\$756	(\$343)	\$4,805	\$0	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	(\$3,623)	(\$23)	\$2,336	\$672	(\$3,106)	(\$6,327)	(\$1,588)	(\$2,082)	\$10,045	\$4,877
EBITDA	\$8,115	\$15,894	\$24,288	\$23,670	\$23,531	\$37,247	\$38,338	\$34,457	\$35,560	\$37,235	\$41,633	\$42,026	\$45,220	\$53,529	\$55,358	\$55,830	\$53,260	\$58,850	\$65,716	\$62,901
Financial costs ⁽²⁾	(\$1,606)	(\$2,982)	(\$5,324)	(\$3,573)	(\$3,638)	(\$6,159)	(\$6,114)	(\$6,191)	(\$6,322)	(\$6,425)	(\$7,991)	(\$8,419)	(\$9,591)	(\$11,380)	(\$12,332)	(\$11,771)	(\$12,674)	(\$13,764)	(\$14,667)	(\$14,784)
Drydocking capital reserve	(\$395)	(\$727)	(\$1,499)	(\$1,499)	(\$1,499)	(\$2,670)	(\$2,670)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,325)	(\$2,682)	(\$2,871)	(\$3,240)	(\$3,441)	(\$3,245)	(\$3,447)	(\$3,523)	(\$3,675)	(\$3,882)
Replacement capital reserve	(\$1,470)	(\$2,694)	(\$4,341)	(\$4,340)	(\$4,340)	(\$7,015)	(\$7,015)	(\$7,231)	(\$7,232)	(\$7,228)	(\$7,776)	(\$7,429)	(\$7,955)	(\$8,942)	(\$9,551)	(\$8,314)	(\$8,767)	(\$8,939)	(\$9,430)	(\$9,045)
Paid and accrued preferred equity distributions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,549)	(\$3,100)	(\$3,100)	(\$5,038)	(\$5,457)	(\$5,457)	(\$6,543)	(\$7,582)
Distributable Cash Flow	\$4,644	\$9,491	\$13,124	\$14,258	\$14,054	\$21,403	\$22,539	\$18,867	\$19,838	\$21,414	\$23,541	\$23,496	\$23,254	\$26,867	\$26,934	\$27,462	\$22,915	\$27,167	\$31,401	\$27,608
Other reserves ⁽³⁾	(\$514)	(\$252)	(\$2,407)	(\$3,541)	(\$7)	(\$5,691)	(\$6,829)	(\$3,155)	(\$2,761)	(\$4,336)	(\$3,992)	(\$3,375)	(\$2,253)	(\$4,490)	(\$4,089)	(\$3,190)	\$1,357	(\$1,451)	(\$4,472)	(\$679)
Cash distributions declared	\$4,130	\$9,239	\$10,717	\$10,717	\$14,047	\$15,712	\$15,710	\$15,712	\$17,077	\$17,078	\$19,549	\$20,121	\$21,001	\$22,377	\$22,845	\$24,272	\$24,272	\$25,716	\$26,929	\$26,929
Revenues	\$11,293	\$21,335	\$33,302	\$32,578	\$32,943	\$51,453	\$51,953	\$49,358	\$49,636	\$51,452	\$55,978	\$56,993	\$62,582	\$73,277	\$76,219	\$77,061	\$74,909	\$81,887	\$83,134	\$86,325

1. The Partnership's Q2 2014 results reflect the period from May 12, 2014 to June 30, 2014.

2. Includes realized loss / gain on interest rate swaps and excludes amortization of loan fees.

3. Refers to movement in reserves (other than the drydocking and replacement capital reserves) for the proper conduct of the business of the Partnership and its subsidiaries (including reserves for future capital expenditures and for anticipated future credit needs of the Partnership and its subsidiaries).



The GasLog Ltd. And GasLog Partners Fleets

1. The period shown reflects the expiration of the minimum optional period and the maximum optional period. The charterer of the GasLog Santiago may extend the term of this time charter for a period ranging from one to seven years, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration. The charterer of the GasLog Sydney may extend the term of this time charter for a period ranging from six to twelve months, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration. The charterer of the Methane Becki Anne and the Methane Julia Louise has unilateral options to extend the term of the related time charters for a period of either three or five years at their election, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration of any option in accordance with the terms of the applicable charter. The charterer of the GasLog Greece and the GasLog Glasgow has the right to extend the charters for a period of five years at the charterer's option. The charterer of the GasLog Geneva and the GasLog Gibraltar has the right to extend the charter by two additional periods of five and three years, respectively, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration. The charterer of the GasLog Houston, the GasLog Genoa and the GasLog Gladstone has the right to extend the charters by two additional periods of three years, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration. The charterer of the GasLog Hong Kong has the right to extend the charter for a period of three years, provided that the charterer provides us with advance notice of declaration.
2. On March 13, 2019, GasLog entered into an agreement with GasLog Partners to sale 100% of the shares in the entity that owns and charters the GasLog Glasgow. The sale closed on April 1, 2019.
3. "Total" refers to Total Gas & Power Chartering Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Total S.A.
4. On March 22, 2018, a new charter party agreement was signed with Trafigura Maritime Logistics PTE Ltd. ("Trafigura") for either the Methane Jane Elizabeth or the Methane Alison Victoria (as nominated by the Partnership) commencing in either November or December 2019, at the Partnership's option, until November or December 2020, with the charterer having the option to extend the charter from one to four years.
5. On February 24, 2016, GasLog's subsidiary, GAS-twenty six Ltd., completed the sale and leaseback of the Methane Julia Louise with Lepta Shipping. Lepta Shipping has the right to on-sell and lease back the vessel. The vessel was sold to Lepta Shipping for a total consideration approximately equivalent to its current book value. GasLog has leased back the vessel under a bareboat charter from Lepta Shipping for a period of up to 20 years. GasLog has the option to re-purchase the vessel on pre-agreed terms no earlier than the end of year ten and no later than the end of year 17 of the bareboat charter. The vessel remains on its eleven-year-charter with MSL, a subsidiary of Shell.