



GasLog Partners LP Q1 2018 Results Presentation

April 27, 2018



Forward-Looking Statements

All statements in this presentation that are not statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements that address activities, events or developments that the Partnership expects, projects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future, particularly in relation to our operations, cash flows, financial position, liquidity and cash available for dividends or distributions, plans, strategies, business prospects and changes and trends in our business and the markets in which we operate. We caution that these forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this presentation, about factors that are beyond our ability to control or predict, and are not intended to give any assurance as to future results. Any of these factors or a combination of these factors could materially affect future results of operations and the ultimate accuracy of the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not unduly rely on any forward-looking statements.

Factors that might cause future results and outcomes to differ include, but are not limited to, the following:

- general LNG shipping market conditions and trends, including spot and long-term charter rates, ship values, factors affecting supply and demand of LNG and LNG shipping, technological advancements and opportunities for the profitable operations of LNG carriers;
- fluctuations in charter hire rates and vessel values;
- changes in our operating expenses, including crew wages, maintenance, dry-docking and insurance costs and bunker prices;
- number of off-hire days and dry-docking requirements including our ability to successfully complete scheduled dry-dockings on time and within budget;
- planned capital expenditures and availability of capital resources to fund capital expenditures;
- our ability to maximize the use of our vessels, including the re-deployment or disposition of vessels no longer under long-term time charter commitments, including the risk that certain of our vessels may no longer have the latest technology at such time which may impact the rate at which we can charter such vessels;
- our ability to secure new multi-year charters, at economically attractive rates;
- fluctuations in prices for crude oil, petroleum products and natural gas including LNG;
- our ability to expand our fleet by acquiring vessels through our drop-down pipeline at GasLog;
- our ability to leverage GasLog’s relationships and reputation in the shipping industry;
- the ability of GasLog to maintain long-term relationships with major energy companies;
- changes in the ownership of our charterers;
- our customers’ performance of their obligations under our time charters and other contracts;
- our future operating performance, financial condition, liquidity and cash available for distributions;
- our ability to acquire assets in the future, including vessels from GasLog;
- our ability to obtain financing to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions and other corporate activities, funding by banks of their financial commitments, funding by GasLog of the revolving credit facility with GasLog entered into on April 3, 2017 and our ability to meet our restrictive covenants and other obligations under our credit facilities;
- future, pending or recent acquisitions of ships or other assets, business strategy, areas of possible expansion and expected capital spending;
- the expected cost of and our ability to comply with environmental and regulatory conditions, including changes in laws and regulations or actions taken by regulatory authorities, governmental organizations, classification societies and standards imposed by our charterers applicable to our business;
- risks inherent in ship operation, including the discharge of pollutants;
- GasLog’s relationships with its employees and ship crews, its ability to retain key employees and provide services to us, and the availability of skilled labor, ship crews and management;
- potential disruption of shipping routes due to accidents, political events, piracy or acts by terrorists;
- potential liability from future litigation;
- our business strategy and other plans and objectives for future operations;
- any malfunction or disruption of information technology systems and networks that our operations rely on or any impact of a possible cybersecurity breach; and
- other risks and uncertainties described in the Partnership’s Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the SEC on February 12, 2018, available at <http://www.sec.gov>.

We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events, a change in our views or expectations or otherwise. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of these factors. Further, we cannot assess the impact of each such factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to be materially different to those contained in any forward-looking statement.

The declaration and payment of distributions are at all times subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, amongst other things, risks and uncertainties described above, restrictions in our credit facilities, the provisions of Marshall Islands law and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant.



GasLog Partners' Q1 2018 Highlights

- Highest-ever quarterly Partnership Performance Results⁽¹⁾ for Revenues, Profit, Adjusted Profit⁽²⁾, EBITDA and Distributable cash flow⁽²⁾
- Increased cash distribution to \$0.53 per common unit, 1.2% higher than the fourth quarter of 2017 and 6.0% higher than the first quarter of 2017
 - Distribution coverage ratio⁽³⁾ of 1.13x, or 1.18x prior to post quarter-end common and general partner unit issuances
- Completed public offering of 8.200% Series B Perpetual Fixed to Floating Rate Preference Units, raising gross proceeds of \$115.0 million
- Announced and, post quarter-end, completed the acquisition of the *GasLog Gibraltar* from GasLog Ltd. ("GasLog") for \$207.0 million, with attached multi-year charter to a subsidiary of Royal Dutch Shell plc ("Shell")
- Successfully re-chartered the *GasLog Santiago* for approximately three and a half years and one of the Partnership's modern steam vessels for one year to a new customer
- Retired \$103.9 million in total debt

1. Partnership Performance Results represent the results attributable to GasLog Partners which are non-GAAP financial measures.

2. EBITDA, Adjusted Profit and Distributable cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog Partners' financial results presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). For the definition and reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with the Partnership Performance Results, please refer to the Appendix to these slides.

3. Distribution coverage ratio represents the ratio of Distributable cash flow to the Cash distribution declared.



Continued EBITDA Growth From *GasLog Gibraltar* And Debt Repayment Lowers Interest Costs

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GasLog Gibraltar Acquisition

Purchase Price	\$207.0 million
NTM EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$22.4 million
NTM DCF ⁽¹⁾	\$11.5 million
Acquisition Multiple	9.2x NTM EBITDA ⁽¹⁾
Financing	\$45.0 million in common units to GLOG \$18.4 million in cash \$143.6 million in assumed debt

Intercompany Loan Repayment

Loan Amount	\$45.0 million
Interest Rate	9.125%
Maturity Date	March 2022
Repayment Date	March 23, 2018
Financing	\$45.0 million in cash from 8.200% Series B Preference Unit offering

Each Transaction Accretive To Distributable Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾ Per LP Unit

1. For the first 12 months after the closing. Estimated NTM DCF, NTM EBITDA and Distributable cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures. Please refer to the Appendix of this presentation for a definition and discussion of the assumptions used to calculate the NTM figures.



Highest-Ever Quarterly Partnership Performance Results⁽¹⁾ And Increased Distribution Per Unit

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(In Millions Of USD, Except Per Unit Data)

				% Change From	
	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q1 2017	Q4 2017	Q1 2017
Revenues	\$77.1	\$76.2	\$57.0	1.1%	35.2%
EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$55.8	\$55.4	\$42.0	0.9%	32.8%
Distributable Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	\$27.5	\$26.9	\$23.5	2.0%	16.9%
Quarterly Cash Distribution Per Unit	\$0.530	\$0.524	\$0.500	1.2%	6.0%
Annualized Cash Distribution Per Unit	\$2.120	\$2.094	\$2.000	1.2%	6.0%
Distribution Coverage Ratio	1.13x	1.18x	1.17x	-0.05x	-0.04x
Distribution Coverage Ratio ex. Dry-Dockings ⁽³⁾	1.13x	1.24x	1.17x	-0.11x	-0.04x

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3. Excludes the impact of the scheduled dry docking of the *GasLog Shanghai* during Q4 2017.



Impact Of Dry-Docking On Q2 2018 Distribution Coverage

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Dry-Docking Fundamentals

Frequency	Once every 5 years
Estimated Duration	Typically 30 days per vessel
Revenue Impact	No revenue earned during drydocking
Operating Expenses and CAPEX	Added costs for maintenance and repairs
Reserves	\$270K/quarter per vessel

Dry-Docking Of *GasLog Santiago* And *GasLog Sydney*

Estimated Duration	40 days per vessel
Revenue Impact	80 days off hire (total)
Vessel Enhancements	Reliquefaction modules
Additional CAPEX	\$19.3 million remaining of \$28 million total cost for reliquefaction upgrades
Financing	Cash on hand

We Anticipate Reduced Distribution Coverage In Any Quarter With Vessel Dry-Dockings



Reliquefaction Modules Lower Unit Freight Cost And Improve Our Fleet's Commercial Competitiveness

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Benefits To GasLog Partners



Lower unit freight costs (UFC) and increased operational flexibility for our customers



GasLog Santiago and *GasLog Sydney* expected to be more efficient than 70% of the on-the-water fleet



Can be installed during routine dry-dockings with minimal additional downtime



Modest CAPEX requirement



Enhanced marketability and commercial value

Reliquefaction Module For The *GasLog Santiago*





Liquidity And Balance Sheet Capacity To Fund Future Growth And Vessel Enhancements

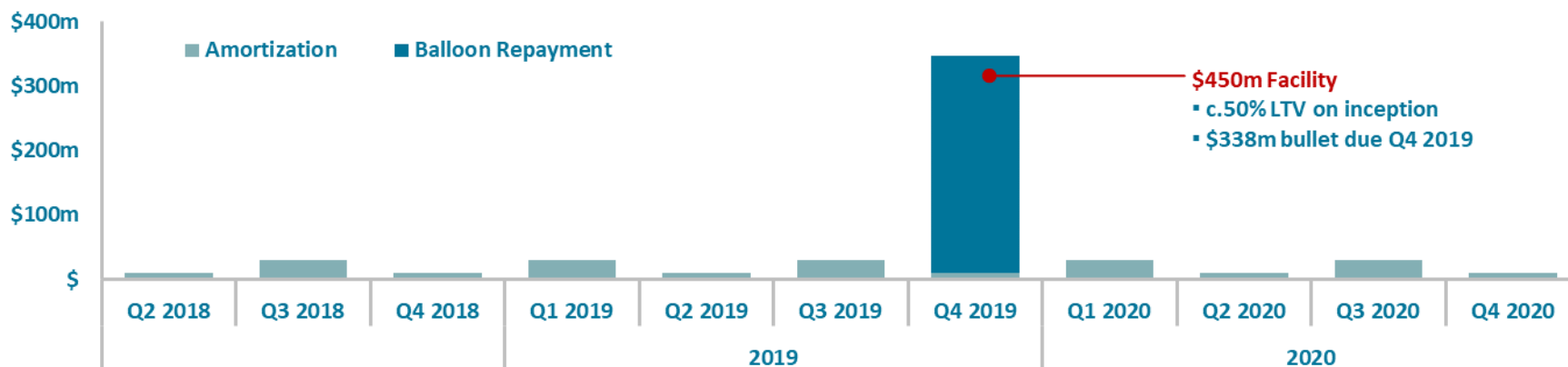
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Liquidity And Credit Metrics

Liquidity (\$m)	Q1 2018	Adjusted For GasLog Gibraltar Acquisition	Further Adjusted For \$19m Investments In Vessel Enhancements
Cash And Cash Equivalents, Including Short-Term Investments	\$150	\$132	\$112
Availability Under Revolving Credit Facilities	\$56	\$56	\$56
Total Liquidity	\$206	\$188	\$168

Credit Metrics	Q1 2018	Adjusted For GasLog Gibraltar Acquisition	Further Adjusted For \$19m Investments In Vessel Enhancements
Total Debt / Total Capitalization	49.9%	51.9%	51.9%
Net Debt / EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ (Annualized)	4.0x	4.3x	4.4x

Scheduled Debt Payments

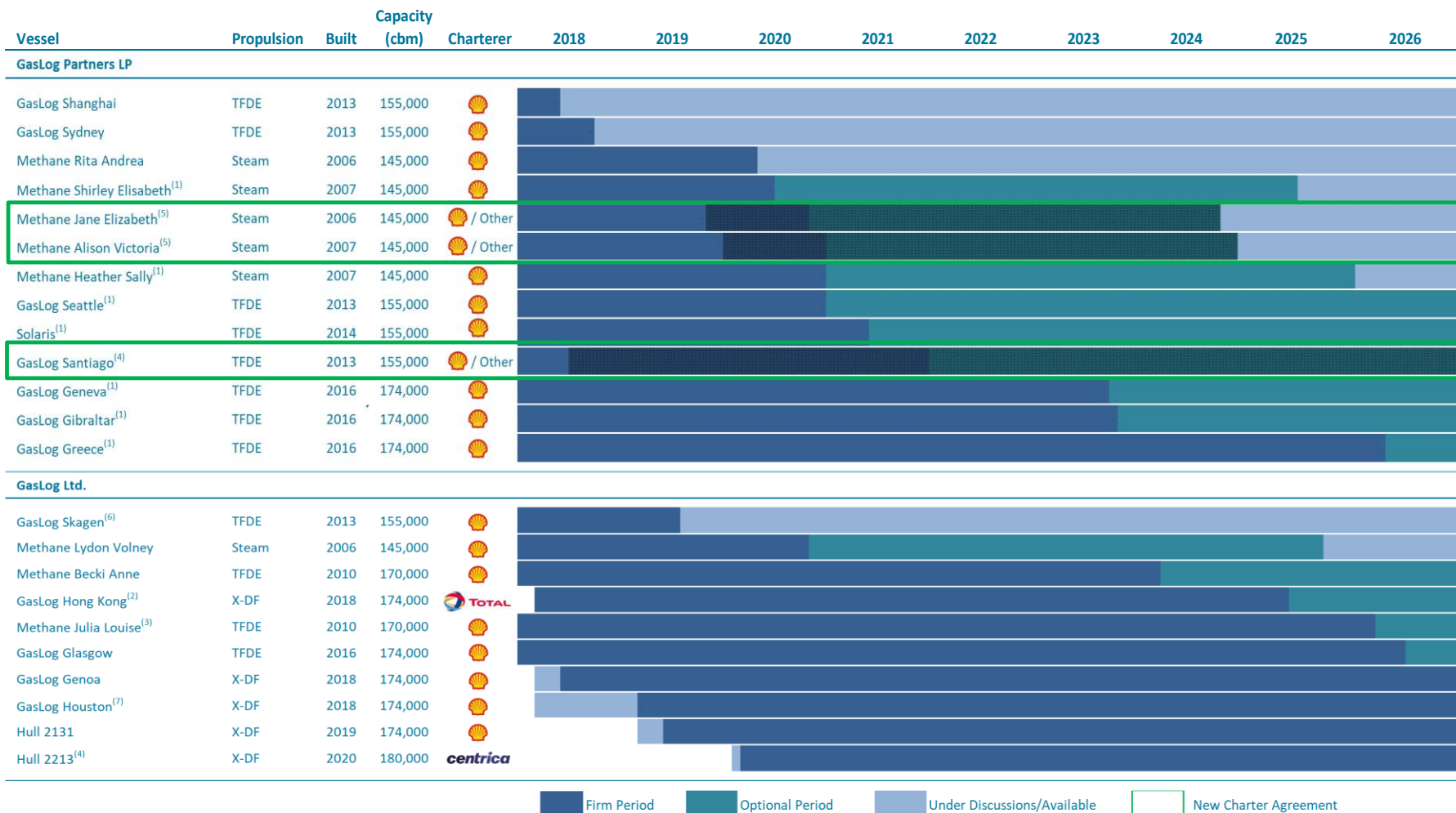


1. EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog Partners' financial results presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). For the definition and reconciliation of this measure to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS, please refer to the Appendix to these slides



Visible Future Growth From GasLog Ltd.'s Fleet Of Vessels With Multi-Year Charters

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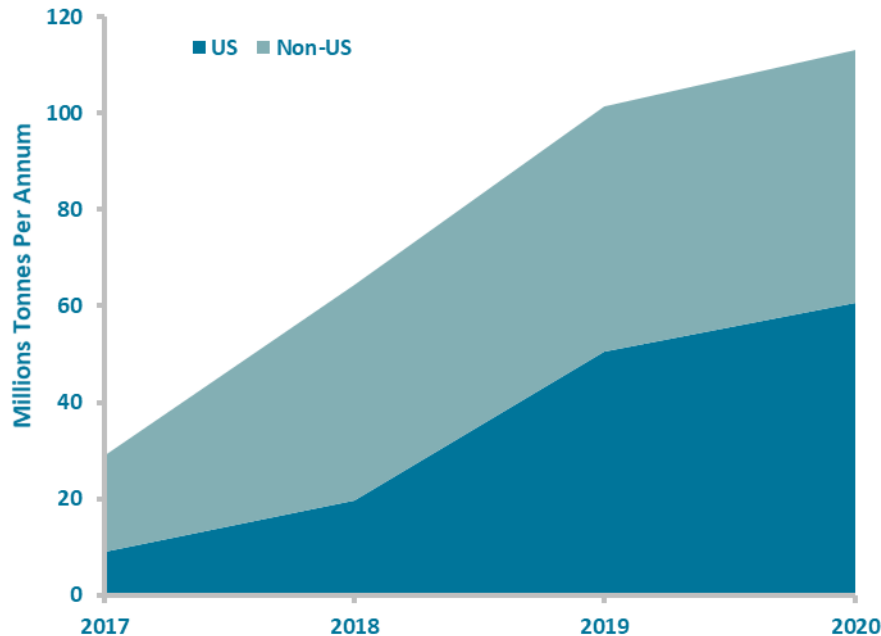
GasLog Gibraltar Dropdown, New Charter Agreements Increase Contracted Days To 90% In 2018 And 83% In 2019



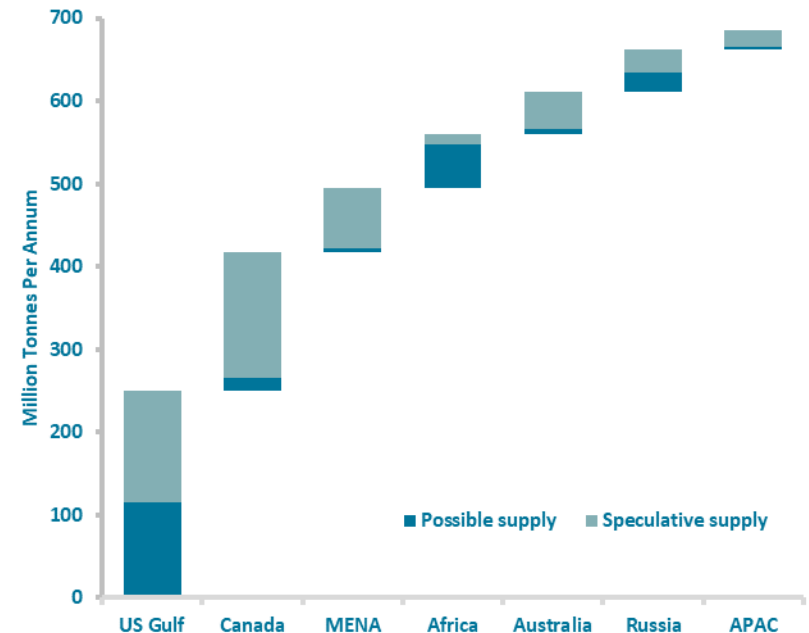
Visible LNG Supply Growth Through 2020

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Expected LNG Capacity Additions 2018-2020



Possible & Speculative Supply Sources



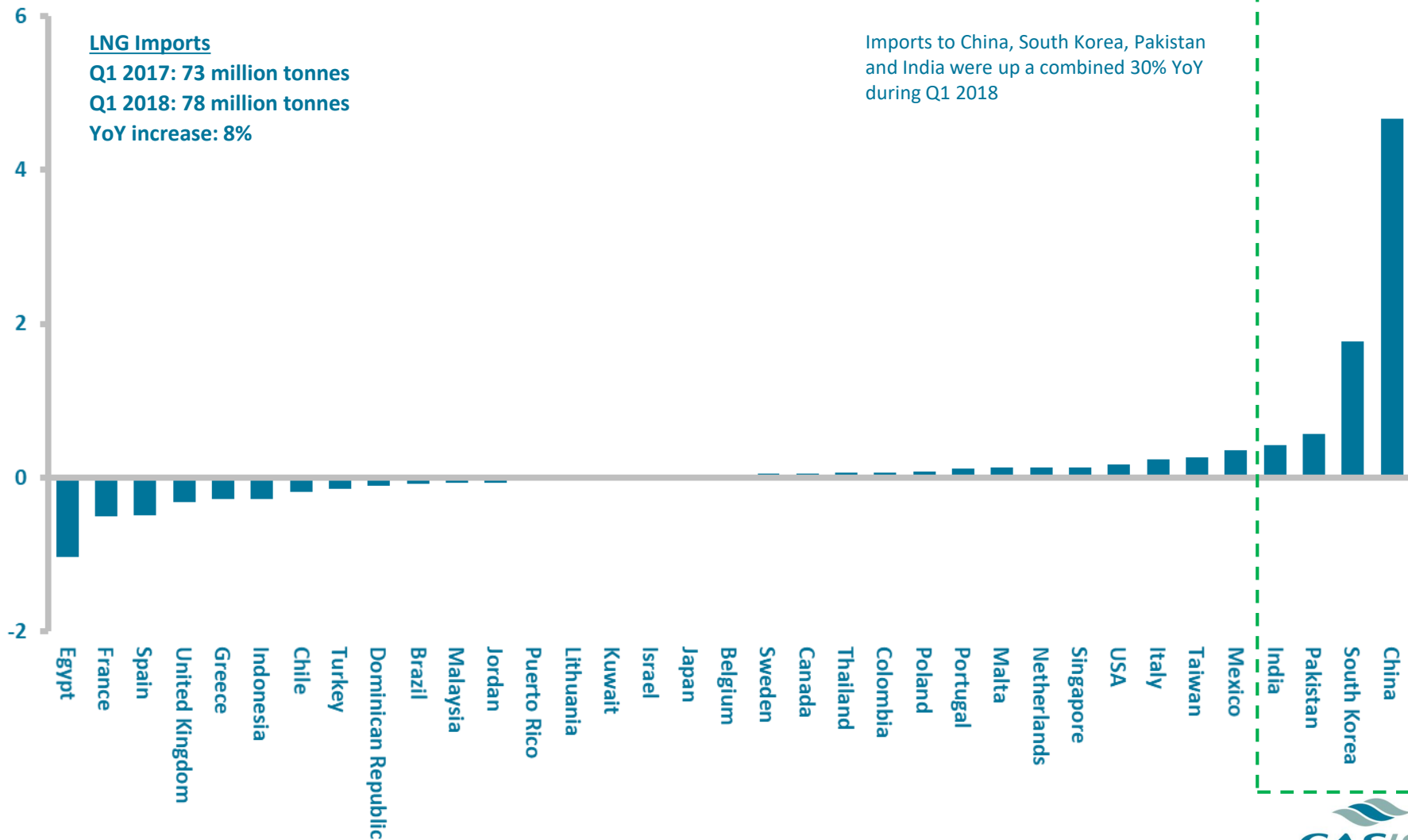
- Over 33 Mtpa of new liquefaction capacity expected to enter commercial service in 2018, an increase of 10% over 2017
 - Cove Point began commercial production earlier this month
 - Cameroon and Wheatstone T2 expected to start commercial operations later in Q2
- At least 125 Mtpa of LNG production capacity in planning has a breakeven of <\$10/mmBTU



LNG Demand Continues To Keep Pace With New Supply

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LNG Imports (million tonnes) By Country During Q1 2018 vs. Q1 2017

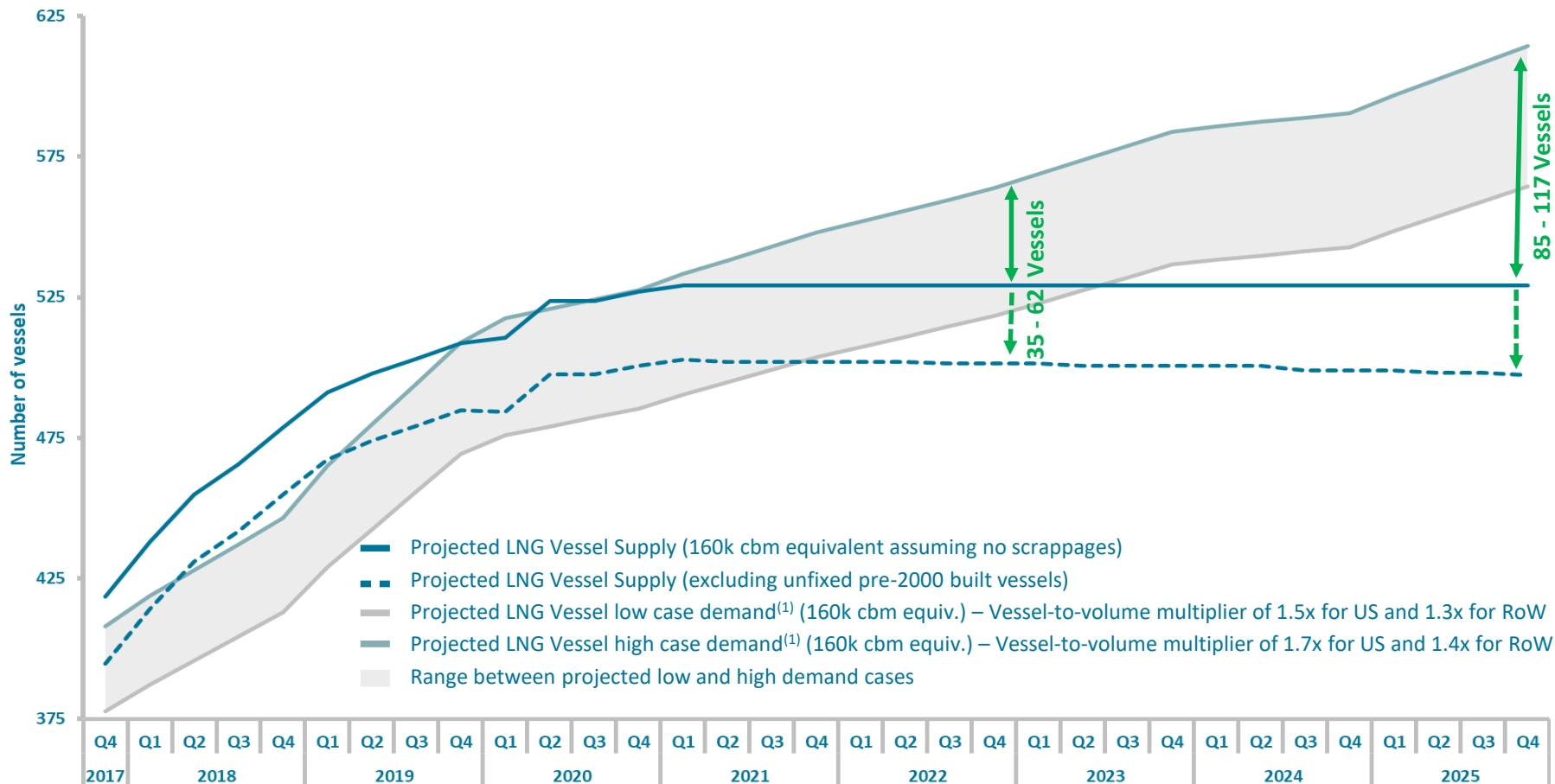




LNG Shipping Market Expected To Tighten Through 2019

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Projected LNGC Vessel Supply & Demand Balance



More Ships Required To Meet LNG Demand 2020+

1. Projected LNG Vessel Demand high and low cases are based on Wood Mackenzie LNG Demand^{(2) (3)} forecast and the respective vessel-to-volume multipliers, as annotated in the chart legend

2. Demand breakdown between US and Rest of World (RoW) is based on Wood Mackenzie supply estimates

3. Annual Wood Mackenzie Demand forecasts assumed to increase quarterly on a linear basis

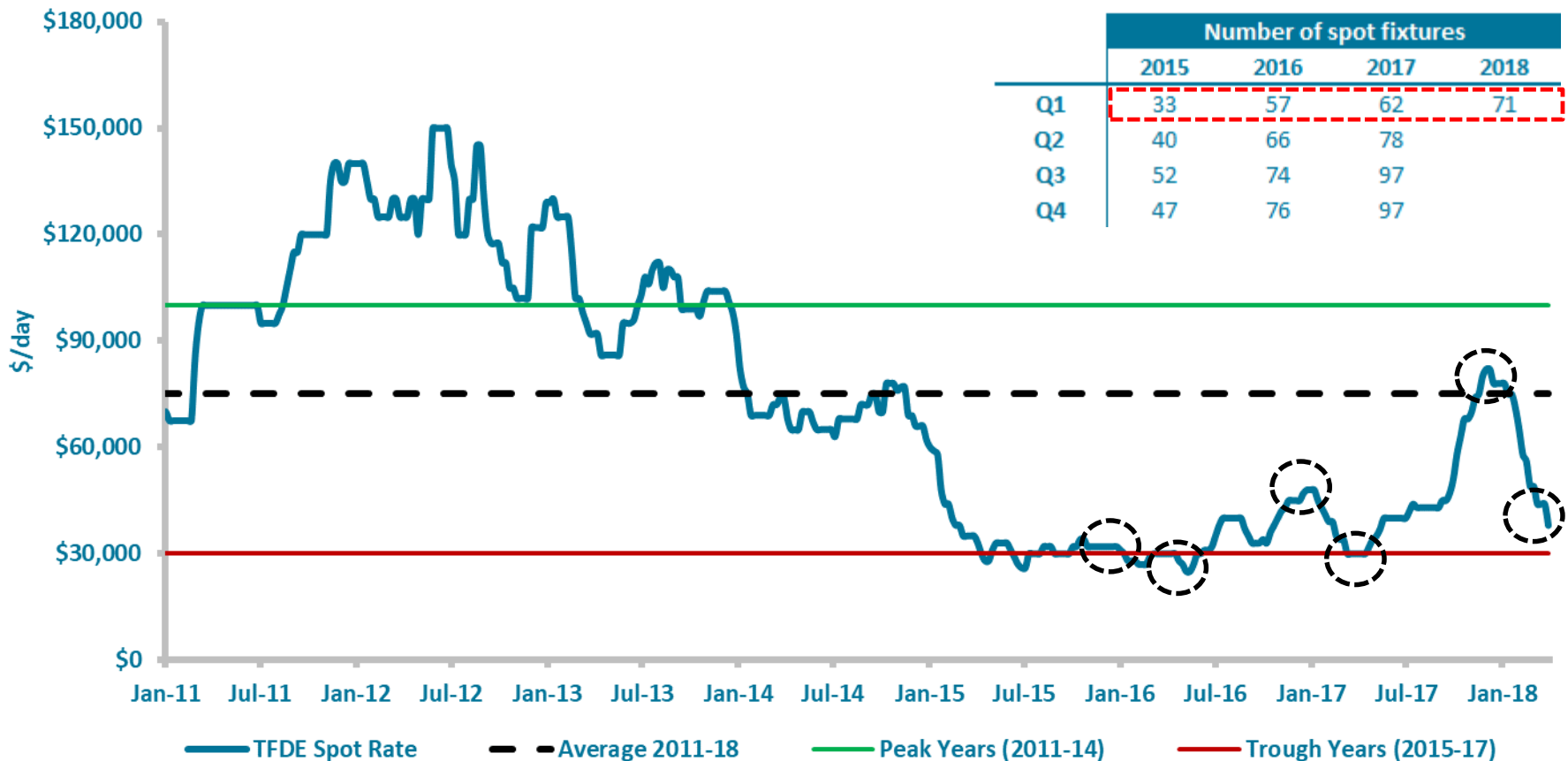
Source: Wood Mackenzie, Poten



Spot Rates Setting Higher Lows And Higher Highs, With Increased Spot Fixture Activity

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TFDE Headline Spot Rates (2011-18) And Quarterly Spot Fixtures (2015-2018 YTD)



Clarksons Currently Quoting Average TFDE Headline Rates Of \$38,000/Day, +27% Y-Y



Cool Pool Provides Commercial Flexibility And Broadens Customer Exposure

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GasLog is a founding member of The Cool Pool, the first LNG shipping pool, controlling 18 TFDE vessels trading worldwide

GasLog benefits from interaction with a broad range of customers and the ability to showcase our operational capabilities, as well as improved utilisation

Customers benefit from increased flexibility through a range of unique and innovative commercial solutions such as forward-fixing and COAs



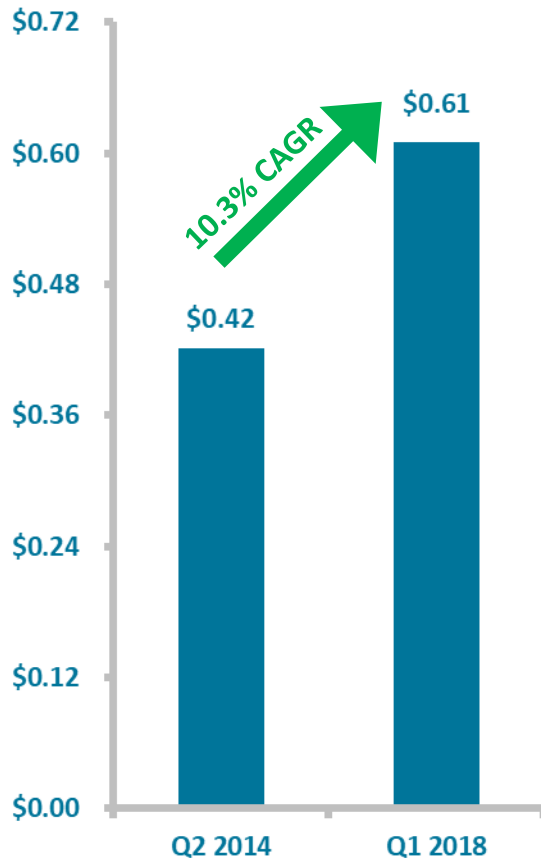
Cool Pool Customers



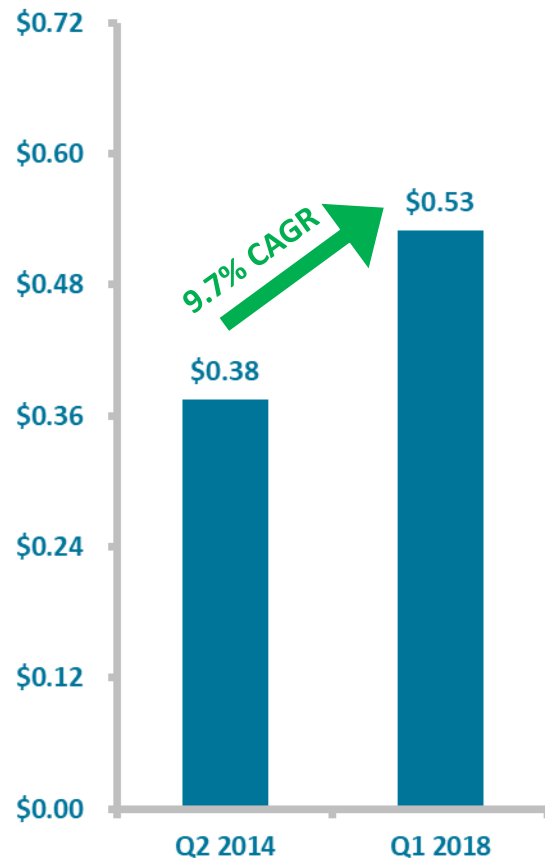


Distribution Growth Track Record And 2018 Guidance

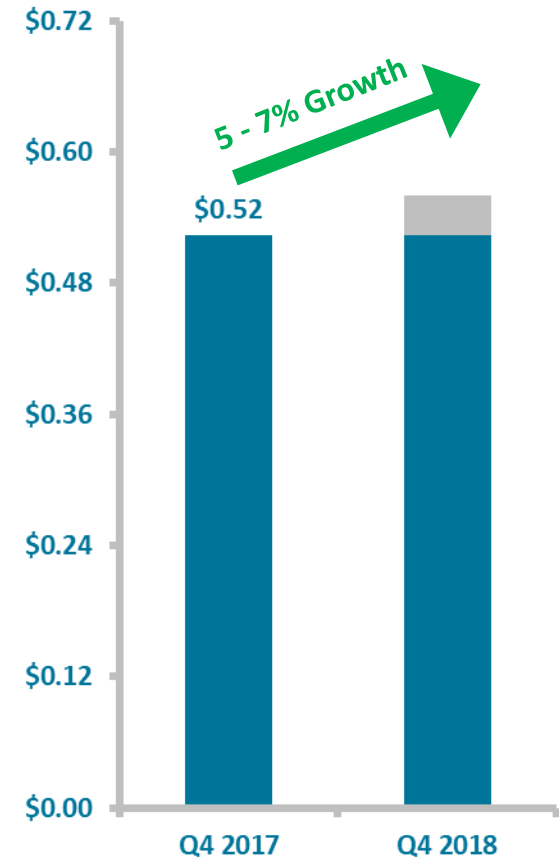
Distributable Cash Flow⁽¹⁾ Per LP Unit



Cash Distribution Paid Per LP Unit



2018 Distribution Guidance



1. Distributable Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure, and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for GasLog's financial results presented in accordance with IFRS. For a definition and reconciliation of this measure to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS, please refer to the Appendix to these slides. Calculation based on unit count as of March 31, 2018.



1

Highest-ever quarterly Partnership Performance Results⁽¹⁾ for Revenues, EBITDA, Profit and Distributable cash flow⁽²⁾

2

Increased quarterly cash distribution represents 1.2% growth over Q4 2017 and 6.0% growth over Q1 2017

3

5% to 7% growth guidance for 2018 reflects dropdown pipeline, equity funding certainty, dry-dockings and limited spot exposure

4

New liquefaction capacity and strong LNG demand growth support tightening LNG shipping market

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**APPENDIX:
NON-GAAP
RECONCILIATIONS**



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest income and expense, gain/loss on interest rate swaps, taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is used as a supplemental financial measure by management and external users of financial statements, such as investors, to assess our financial and operating performance. The Partnership believes that this non-GAAP financial measure assists our management and investors by increasing the comparability of our performance from period to period. The Partnership believes that including EBITDA assists our management and investors in (i) understanding and analyzing the results of our operating and business performance, (ii) selecting between investing in us and other investment alternatives and (iii) monitoring our ongoing financial and operational strength in assessing whether to purchase and/or continue to hold our common units. This increased comparability is achieved by excluding the potentially disparate effects between periods of financial costs, gain/loss on interest rate swaps, taxes, depreciation and amortization, which items are affected by various and possibly changing financing methods, financial market conditions, capital structure and historical cost basis, and which items may significantly affect results of operations between periods.

EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered as an alternative to, or as a substitute for, or superior to, profit, profit from operations, earnings per unit or any other measure of operating performance presented in accordance with IFRS. Some of these limitations include the fact that it does not reflect (i) our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments, (ii) changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs and (iii) the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt. Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements. It is not adjusted for all non-cash income or expense items that are reflected in our statement of cash flows and other companies in our industry may calculate this measure differently to how we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. EBITDA excludes some, but not all, items that affect profit or loss and these measures may vary among other companies. Therefore, EBITDA as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Distributable cash flow means EBITDA, on the basis of the Partnership Performance Results, after considering financial costs for the period, including realized loss on interest rate swaps and excluding amortization of loan fees, estimated dry-docking and replacement capital reserves established by the Partnership and accrued distributions on preference units, whether or not declared. Estimated dry-docking and replacement capital reserves represent capital expenditures required to renew and maintain over the long-term the operating capacity of, or the revenue generated by, our capital assets. Distributable cash flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is a quantitative standard used by investors in publicly-traded partnerships to assess their ability to make quarterly cash distributions. Our calculation of Distributable cash flow may not be comparable to that reported by other companies. Distributable cash flow has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered as an alternative to, or substitute for, or superior to, profit or loss, profit or loss from operations, earnings per unit or any other measure of operating performance presented in accordance with IFRS.



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Reconciliation of Distributable Cash Flow to Profit:
(Amounts expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

For the Quarter Ended

	30-Jun-14 ⁽¹⁾	30-Sep-14	31-Dec-14	31-Mar-15	30-Jun-15	30-Sep-15	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	30-Jun-16	30-Sep-16	31-Dec-16	31-Mar-17	30-Jun-17	30-Sep-17	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-18
Partnership's profit for the period	\$3,823	\$9,575	\$1,146	\$12,897	\$12,614	\$19,230	\$20,299	\$16,191	\$17,383	\$18,869	\$24,827	\$21,022	\$19,358	\$25,299	\$28,438	\$32,002
Depreciation	\$2,157	\$4,083	\$7,112	\$6,832	\$6,895	\$11,099	\$11,155	\$11,103	\$10,949	\$11,116	\$12,062	\$12,362	\$13,466	\$15,580	\$16,785	\$16,786
Financial costs	\$1,382	\$2,588	\$11,236	\$3,950	\$4,030	\$6,923	\$6,886	\$7,181	\$7,252	\$7,333	\$8,421	\$8,782	\$10,288	\$12,289	\$13,557	\$13,888
Financial income	(\$3)	(\$9)	(\$11)	(\$9)	(\$8)	(\$5)	(\$2)	(\$18)	(\$24)	(\$83)	(\$54)	(\$117)	(\$228)	(\$311)	(\$316)	(\$519)
Loss / (gain) on interest rate swaps	\$756	(\$343)	\$4,805	\$0	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	(\$3,623)	(\$23)	\$2,336	\$672	(\$3,106)	(\$6,327)
EBITDA	\$8,115	\$15,894	\$24,288	\$23,670	\$23,531	\$37,247	\$38,338	\$34,457	\$35,560	\$37,235	\$41,633	\$42,026	\$45,220	\$53,529	\$55,358	\$55,830
Financial costs ⁽²⁾	(\$1,606)	(\$2,982)	(\$5,324)	(\$3,573)	(\$3,638)	(\$6,159)	(\$6,114)	(\$6,191)	(\$6,322)	(\$6,425)	(\$7,991)	(\$8,419)	(\$9,591)	(\$11,380)	(\$12,332)	(\$11,771)
Drydocking capital reserve	(\$395)	(\$727)	(\$1,499)	(\$1,499)	(\$1,499)	(\$2,670)	(\$2,670)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,168)	(\$2,325)	(\$2,682)	(\$2,871)	(\$3,240)	(\$3,441)	(\$3,245)
Replacement capital reserve	(\$1,470)	(\$2,694)	(\$4,341)	(\$4,340)	(\$4,340)	(\$7,015)	(\$7,015)	(\$7,231)	(\$7,232)	(\$7,228)	(\$7,776)	(\$7,429)	(\$7,955)	(\$8,942)	(\$9,551)	(\$8,314)
Paid and accrued preferred equity distributions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1,549)	(\$3,100)	(\$3,100)	(\$5,038)
Distributable Cash Flow	\$4,644	\$9,491	\$13,124	\$14,258	\$14,054	\$21,403	\$22,539	\$18,867	\$19,838	\$21,414	\$23,541	\$23,496	\$23,254	\$26,867	\$26,934	\$27,462
Other reserves ⁽³⁾	(\$514)	(\$252)	(\$2,407)	(\$3,541)	(\$7)	(\$5,691)	(\$6,829)	(\$3,155)	(\$2,761)	(\$4,336)	(\$3,992)	(\$3,375)	(\$2,253)	(\$4,490)	(\$4,089)	(\$3,190)
Cash distributions declared	\$4,130	\$9,239	\$10,717	\$10,717	\$14,047	\$15,712	\$15,710	\$15,712	\$17,077	\$17,078	\$19,549	\$20,121	\$21,001	\$22,377	\$22,845	\$24,272

1. The Partnership's Q2 2014 results reflect the period from May 12, 2014 to June 30, 2014.

2. Includes realized loss on interest rate swaps and excludes amortization of loan fees.

3. Refers to reserves (other than the drydocking and replacement capital reserves) for the proper conduct of the business of the Partnership and its subsidiaries (including reserves for future capital expenditures and for anticipated future credit needs of the Partnership and its subsidiaries).



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

GasLog Gibraltar - Estimated NTM EBITDA

For the entity owning *GasLog Gibraltar*, estimated EBITDA for the first 12 months of operation following the completion of the acquisition is based on the following assumptions:

- timely receipt of charter hire specified in the charter contract;
- utilization of 363 days per year and no drydocking;
- vessel operating and supervision costs and charter commissions per current internal estimates; and
- general and administrative expenses based on management's current internal estimates.

GasLog and GasLog Partners consider the above assumptions to be reasonable as of April 26, 2018, but if these assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual EBITDA for the entity owning the vessel could differ materially from our estimates. The prospective financial information was not prepared with a view toward public disclosure or with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, but, in the view of management, was prepared on a reasonable basis and reflects the best currently available estimates and judgments. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the prospective financial information. Neither our independent auditors nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information contained above, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, such prospective financial information.



The GasLog Ltd. And GasLog Partners Fleets

1. Charters may be extended for certain periods at charterer's option. The period shown reflects the maximum optional period. In addition, the charterer of the *Methane Shirley Elisabeth* and the *Methane Heather Sally* has a unilateral option to extend the term of two of the related time charters for a period of either three or five years at its election. The charterer of the *GasLog Seattle* and the *Solaris* may extend the term of each time charter for a period ranging from five to ten years. The charterer of the *GasLog Greece* may extend the term of the time charter for a period of five years. The charterer of the *GasLog Geneva* may extend the term of the time charter by two additional periods of five and three years, respectively. The charterer of the *GasLog Gibraltar* may extend the term of the time charter by two additional periods of five and three years, respectively.
2. The vessel is chartered to Total Gas & Power Chartering Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Total S.A.
3. On February 24, 2016, GasLog completed the sale and leaseback of the *Methane Julia Louise* with Lepta Shipping Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Mitsui Co., Ltd. GasLog Partners retains its option to purchase the special purpose entity that controls the charter revenues from this vessel.
4. The *GasLog Santiago* will begin her approximately three and a half year charter with a new customer during Q3 2018. The charterer has the option to extend the term of the time charter for a period ranging from one to seven years.
5. A one year time charter to a new customer for either of the *Methane Jane Elizabeth* or *Methane Alison Victoria* will commence during Q4 2018. The charterer has the option to extend the term of the time charter for a period ranging from one to four years.
6. On December 6, 2017, a deed of novation and amendment of the charter party agreement of the *GasLog Skagen* with Shell was signed between GasLog and Shell to substitute the *GasLog Salem* for the *GasLog Skagen* in the execution of the charter party. The substitution will take effect after the completion of the *GasLog Skagen's* drydocking in the third quarter of 2018.
7. The *GasLog Houston* is currently on a short-term charter to a major LNG producer and thereafter will trade in the short-term market until the commencement of its multi-year charter with a subsidiary of Shell, from the end of 2018 until April 2028.