

CONTENTS

1	CEO'S FOREWORD	2
2	ABOUT GASLOG PARTNERS LP	4
2.22.32.42.5	About the commodity we transport: LNG Our Vision Our Values Our ESG focus areas 2022 Highlights – SASB activity metrics Our Fleet	5 6 6 6 6
3	SUSTAINABILITY LANDSCAPE	8
4.1 4.2 4.3	SUSTAINABILITY AT GASLOG PARTNERS LP ESG management and governance ESG reporting and materiality UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Climate change risks and opportunities	112 12 12 12
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	GASLOG PARTNERS LP'S INITIATIVES Decarbonization Safety and Wellbeing Diversity, Equity & Inclusion (DE&I) Status of initiatives Leadership and governance	13 15 17 19 21
6	SASB KPIs	23
7	APPENDICES	25
7.2	Glossary Disclaimers and assumptions for SASB KPIs TCFD	26 27 28







CEO'S FOREWORD

Despite a turbulent year with Russia's invasion of Ukraine, the energy crisis, disruptions to traditional fuel trade flows, soaring inflation, and rising interest rates, ESG remained an important business landscape feature. The emergence of global economic and geopolitical concerns was the most anticipated barrier to the companies' commitment and achievement of environmental goals. Nevertheless, shipping's drive for decarbonization, the most pressing issue for the industry, witnessed in previous years continued into 2022 with stakeholders demanding more corporate action and a plethora of ESG-related regulations being proposed.

At GasLog Partners LP, we continue to work proudly with our partner, GasLog Ltd., and their world-class ship manager, GasLog LNG Services Ltd., on many important ESG initiatives. Our access to committed, skilled, and resilient people, as well as to a high performing operating platform, ensures that we continue to deliver on our promises to our customers, safely and sustainably, while successfully embedding ESG into our strategy.

The International Maritime Organization (IMO) is at a critical juncture with the revision of its greenhouse gas (GHG) strategy. We believe in 2050 net-zero and we actively support this commitment through our involvement with the 'Getting to Zero Coalition' part of the Global Maritime Forum.

We recognize that cross-sector collaboration is essential as the global energy system continues to transform. Identifying focus areas for early piloting, like the success achieved by the green corridors,

can plant the seed for significant emission reduction solutions. We are therefore investing our efforts and resources in: (1) improving the efficiency of our assets; (2) collaborating with our charterers to deploy digital tools; and (3) advocating for common and shared rules that are reliable, clear, and workable while stretching and challenging the status quo.

The energy transition also offers a unique opportunity for our industry to reset workforce balance, embed diversity through all levels of business (onboard and ashore) and ensure inclusivity is allied to progress. Our Diversity, Equity & Inclusion (DE&I) program continues to focus on gender diversity and inclusivity as we recognize that caring for our people is the most important investment we could ever make.

Therefore, in our 2022 sustainability report you will find that our ESG initiatives are linked to our three priorities: (1) decarbonization; (2) safety and wellbeing; and (3) DE&I. It is compiled in general compliance with the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Marine Transportation standard and presents our progress on each of the three focus areas. We are committed to continuous improvement, and we will provide timely updates as we continue our journey.

On the path to net-zero, we need an agile approach to balance resilience with an energy future that is secure, affordable, and clean.



Paolo Enoizi CEO, GasLog Partners LP



GLOP Sustainability Report 2022



ABOUT GASLOG PARTNERS LP

We are a limited partnership focused on owning, operating, and acquiring LNG carriers. Our initial fleet of three LNG carriers was consigned to us by GasLog Ltd., which controls us through its ownership of our general partner and limited partner units. Through acquisitions from GasLog Ltd. we have grown our fleet to 15 vessels (including owned and bareboat vessels). GasLog Ltd. was founded in 2001 by its Chairman, Peter G. Livanos, whose family's shipping activities commenced more than 100 years ago. Our vessels are operated under ship management contracts and commercial management agreements with GasLog LNG Services Ltd., which provides crew and technical management services to the fleet. In addition, GasLog Partners LP has administrative services agreements with GasLog Ltd. or its subsidiaries.

Our approach to sustainability is aligned and dependent on GasLog Ltd.'s sustainability strategy, which should be read in conjunction with this report. We recognize, however, that GasLog Partners LP has a responsibility to manage environmental, social, and governance activities directly within our control. We are able to influence the performance of our vessels via the decisions we make on the installation of commercially available technological solutions and through working with our charterers on operational optimizations. We can also make alternative use of our assets, such as floating storage units (FSUs), in integrated gas to power projects. This report sets out to identify where we have direct influence versus activities that are managed by GasLog Ltd. or its subsidiaries.

2.1 About the commodity we transport: LNG

LNG remains the cleanest commercially available stable energy source for power generation, the industrial, residential, and transport (including maritime) sectors. In 2022, global LNG trade surpassed 397 million tonnes¹;

CEO's Foreword

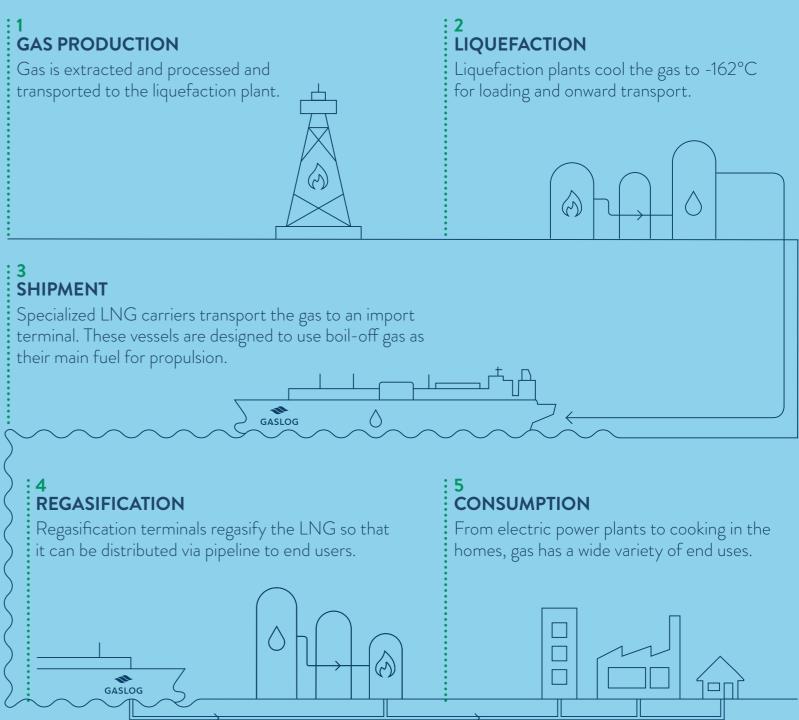
an increase of 16 million tonnes (or 4 percent) compared to 2021. Europe alone increased LNG imports by 60 percent to 121 million tonnes, making it a core energy supply source.

Europe's LNG demand, on a scarce energy market, drove prices to record levels in 2022, forcing governments across the world to intervene with policies to manage energy security and control price volatility. High LNG prices also impacted global emissions as they spurred fuel switching, including coal use in Asia and Europe by industrial users. The combustion of natural gas does not emit soot, dust, fumes, or sulfur oxides (SO_X). It generates up to 25 percent less CO₂² than fuel oil and 45 percent less CO₂ than coal at the point of consumption. Reducing GHG emissions is a key priority for many economies and natural gas plays a significant role in developing lower carbon energy systems that will enable net-zero emissions goals. This is further reinforced by the continuous development of lower emission LNG technologies and the increasing accuracy on emissions reporting.

LNG has a key role to play in the world's energy security problem, in supporting the transition to carbon-free fuels, and in stabilizing the use of renewable energy. It is also presently the most dominant alternative fuel for oceangoing vessels, has already been used as fuel for LNG ships for many years, and presents a continuous uptake as fuel in heavy-duty transport.

- 1 Shell LNG outlook 2023.

The LNG life cycle





2.2 Our Vision

We share the vision of GasLog Ltd. to be the leading global provider of LNG shipping services through the highest quality operating platform and people, making us first choice as a trusted partner for customers, employees, and investors.

2.3 Our Values

Our values define how we behave and shape the standards by which our partnership operates and how we expect our key supplier, GasLog LNG Services Ltd., to operate.

2.4 Our ESG focus areas



Our Values



Safety

Safety is our license to operate and our number one priority. It ensures our people stay safe and the environment remains intact.



Teamwork

We work collaboratively and inclusively, utilizing each member's expertise and experience, based on mutual trust, respect, and shared objectives.



Integrity

We live each day according to our values, even when no one is watching; being fair, trustworthy, ethical, and respectful to others; and being willing to listen and learn.



Reliability

We consistently provide high quality service and deliver on our promises.



Customer focus

We listen to and understand our customers' needs in order to develop long-term relationships built on trust and respect.

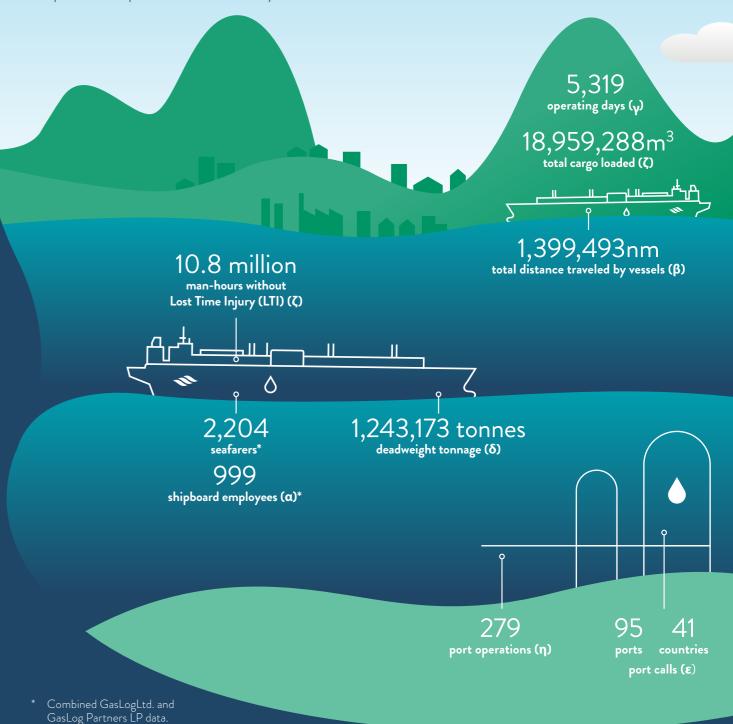


Innovation

We constantly look to improve through new ideas and ways of thinking, and differentiate ourselves from the competition.

2.5 2022 Highlights - SASB activity metrics

The metrics below provide an overview of our scale and operational profile for calendar year 2022.



2.6 Our Fleet

Given that LNG is the cleanest commercially available marine fuel, our vessels are primarily powered by the boil-off of the cargo they carry (82 percent in 2022), making us amongst the lowest carbon intensity commodity transporters.

The table on the right presents information about our owned and bareboat vessels as of 31 December 2022.

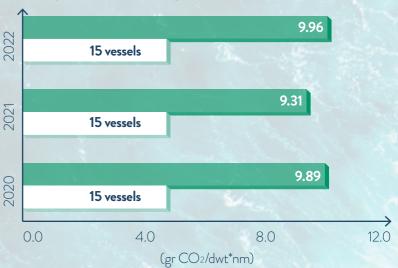
On 6 April 2022, Solaris, previously managed by a subsidiary of Shell plc, was redelivered to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. management. On 14 September 2022, we completed the sale of the Methane Shirley Elisabeth. On 31 October 2022, the Methane Heather Sally was sold and leased back. In March 2023, the sale and leaseback of the GasLog Sydney was approved, for a period of five years under a bareboat charter.

V. I	D. Carg	Cargo capacity	Year	Year	Annual Efficiency Ratio (AER)		
Vessel name	Propulsion*	(cubic meters)	built	Ownership	2020	2021	2022
Methane Jane Elisabeth	Steam	145,000	2006	100% GasLog Partners LP	12.43	10.59	14.45
Methane Rita Andrea	Steam	145,000	2006	100% GasLog Partners LP	12.80	12.26	9.86
Methane Alison Victoria	Steam	145,000	2007	100% GasLog Partners LP	18.41	13.41	11.83
Methane Heather Sally	Steam	145,000	2007	Bareboat to GasLog Partners LP	12.42	11.84	12.69
Methane Shirley Elisabeth	Steam	145,000	2007	100% GasLog Partners LP until September 2022	16.26	12.89	14.03
Methane Becki Anne	TFDE	170,000	2010	100% GasLog Partners LP	8.65	7.84	8.62
GasLog Santiago	TFDE	155,000	2013	100% GasLog Partners LP	7.44	9.32	12.64
GasLog Seattle	TFDE	155,000	2013	100% GasLog Partners LP	7.98	7.93	9.13
GasLog Shanghai	TFDE	155,000	2013	Bareboat to GasLog Partners LP	9.13	9.43	9.43
GasLog Sydney	TFDE	155,000	2013	100% GasLog Partners LP	8.71	8.99	9.56
Solaris	TFDE	155,000	2014	100% GasLog Partners LP	6.90	7.12	8.61
GasLog Geneva	TFDE	174,000	2016	100% GasLog Partners LP	6.35	7.25	7.01
GasLog Gibraltar	TFDE	174,000	2016	100% GasLog Partners LP	6.77	7.23	7.18
GasLog Glasgow	TFDE	174,000	2016	100% GasLog Partners LP	6.92	6.90	7.00
GasLog Greece	TFDE	174,000	2016	100% GasLog Partners LP	7.16	6.70	7.31

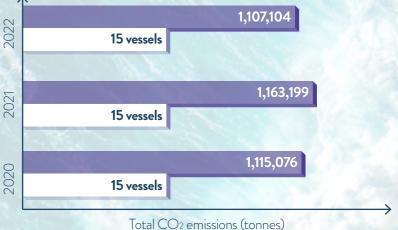
^{*} Refer to Glossary.

Total CO₂ emissions decreased year on year, mainly because of the sale of a vessel. However, lower usage of LNG as fuel, instructed by our charterers, changed the fleet's operating profile and had a direct, negative impact on our AER, which increased.

Average AER GasLog Partners LP. fleet



Annual CO₂ emissions GasLog Partners LP. fleet





SUSTAINABILITY LANDSCAPE

The past year brought no shortage of headlines on environmental, social, and governance (ESG) issues, proving its continuously growing importance in the business landscape.

Global energy-related carbon dioxide emissions rose by under 1 percent³ in 2022. Even though the risk of excessive emissions, amid the global energy crisis, failed to materialize and the rise was far smaller than the exceptional jump of over 6 percent in 2021, emissions remain on an unsustainable growth trajectory. According to the World Economic Forum's (WEF) Global Risk Report⁴, six of the top ten risks over the next decade are environmental. In the maritime industry, decarbonization and other environmental issues continue to rate high, among the major global industry issues, on expected impact and likelihood⁵. Decisive action is needed to accelerate the clean energy transition and move the world onto a path towards meeting its energy and climate goals.

The shipping industry currently accounts for about 2.8 percent of all global GHG emissions⁶ and remains the most efficient means of transportation. However, as this percentage is expected to grow⁷ as global trade grows, the importance of addressing barriers to industry's decarbonization is reaffirmed. The IMO has set its initial GHG strategy (2030 and 2050 carbon intensity targets, and a 2050 GHG target) and devised a series of goal-based measures to reduce the carbon intensity of international shipping and encourage shipowners and operators to invest in technological, fuel-saving options. Medium- and long-term measures are still under development; short-term measures came into effect on 1 January 2023: Energy Efficiency Existing Ship Index (EEXI), Carbon Intensity Indicator (CII), and Ship Energy Efficiency Management Plan (Part III) (SEEMP).

CEO's Foreword

Two Marine Environment Protection Committee meetings (MEPC 78, 79) were convened in 2022, which approved guidelines for the short-term measures and continued the preparatory work for the amendment of its strategy and the identification of candidate GHG reduction measures (technical and economic). The July 2023 meeting (MEPC 80) is a critical moment for the IMO because of the adoption of a revised GHG reduction strategy and of a set of policy measures key for enabling that strategy (proposals for a carbon price mechanism and a global GHG fuel standard).

In December 2022, a provisional agreement was reached to strengthen the EU Emissions Trading System (ETS) and extend it to new sectors, including the maritime transport sector, by January 2024. Coming into effect in 2025, the 'FuelEU Maritime Regulation' will establish requirements to gradually reduce the GHG intensity of a ship's energy by promoting the use of renewable and low-carbon fuels. The 'Alternative Fuels Infrastructure Regulation' requires that EU member states adopt national policy frameworks to expand their refueling infrastructures, so that availability of LNG and hydrogen is guaranteed in all EU ports by 2025, and availability of shoreside electricity supply by 2030. The UK ETS reform is anticipated in 2023 and the UK monitoring, reporting, and verification data requirements (MRV) in 2025.

- 3 IEA, CO₂ emissions in 2022 report, March 2023.
- 4 WEF, 2023 Global Risk Report.
- 5 Global Maritime Forum, The Global Maritime Issues Monitor 2022.
- UNCTAD Transport and Trade Facilitation Newsletter N°96
 Fourth Quarter 2022.
- 7 Under current policies, the IMO predicts up to 50% growth in shipping emissions IMO Fourth Greenhouse Gas Study 2020.

Regulation / Measure	Description	In force	Regulator / authority	Focus	
CO ₂ price	Global market-based measure	TBD	IMO		
EU ETS	Emission cap and trade – shipping inclusion	2024	EU	Fleet emissions	
GHG Fuel standard	Operational measure – Well-to-wake fuel GHG intensity	TBD	IMO		
FuelEU Maritime	Operational measure – Well-to-wake fuel GHG intensity	2025	EU	Fuel	
CII	Operational measure – actual carbon intensity	2023		Ship emissions	
EEXI	Design requirement – existing ships	2023	IMO	Ship dayiga	
EEDI	Design requirement – new ships	2013	IMO	Ship design	
SEEMPI	Management requirement – energy efficiency improvement	2013	IMO		
DCS – SEEMP II	$\begin{tabular}{ll} Management requirement - reporting of fuel consumption and CO_2 emissions \end{tabular}$	2019	IMO	Energy efficiency and carbon intensity	
SEEMP III	Management requirement – carbon intensity improvement	2023	IMO		
EU MRV	Reporting of actual fuel consumption and CO_2 emissions	2018	EU		



The introduction of technical and operational measures and targets places the burden of action on both vessel owners and charterers. This is important, particularly for LNG shipping, where trade is predominantly time charter and the charterer controls the vessel's operation (through voyage instructions) and hence its emission intensity⁸.

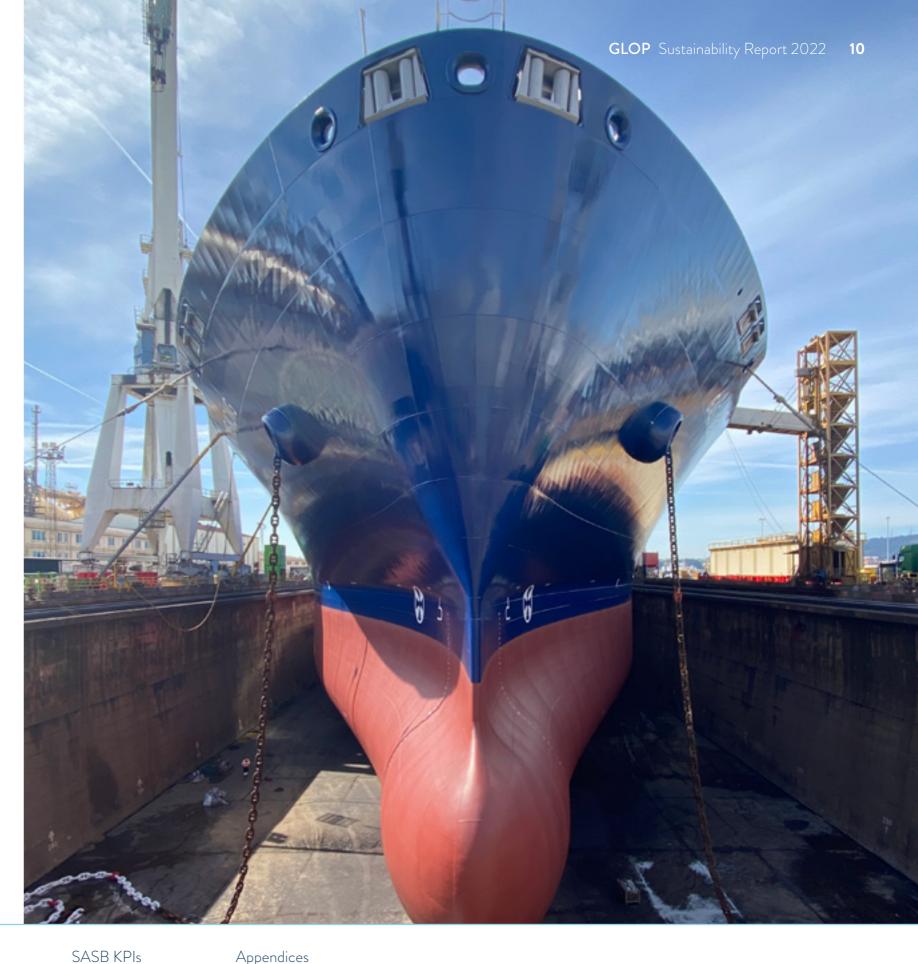
The collaboration of shipowner and charterer, therefore, is now imperative, as efficient ships need to be efficiently used.

To meet reduction targets the maritime industry will require a zero-emission fuel as there are limits to efficiency gains from technical and operational measures. We believe that LNG is a fundamental enabler of the energy transition as it substitutes higher emitting fuels. The maritime industry will also require strong support, collaboration, and action from technology suppliers, fuel producers, terminal operators, governments, and financiers. This need was clearly highlighted at the 2022 United Nations COP27 climate talks.

Green corridor activity has exceeded expectations in 2022¹⁰; more than 20 initiatives have been announced with 110 stakeholders from all main shipping segments involved, including active engagement from the government signatories of the Clydebank Declaration, and coverage of some of the most important deep-sea routes.

Human rights and gender balance proposed laws continued to evolve. In February 2022, the EU unveiled proposals for a Directive on corporate sustainability due diligence to protect human rights and environmental impacts in businesses' value chains ('Human Rights Environmental Due Diligence' HREDD). In November 2022, the European Parliament proposed new legislation mandating gender balance rules for corporate boards of large, listed companies across the EU.

At GasLog Partners LP, we are committed to supporting climate action. We believe that LNG is a fundamental enabler of the energy transition. Through our ship manager, we are investing in partnerships, research and development, and optimizing our operations using data analytics and business intelligence techniques.





⁸ Under a time charter, the charterer dictates the trading pattern of the vessel including voyage planning and nomination of the fuels that are utilized onboard.

⁹ Maritime routes between major port hubs where zero-emission solutions are supported and demonstrated.

¹⁰ Global Maritime Forum - Getting to Zero Coalition, Annual progress report on Green Shipping Corridors 2022



SUSTAINABILITY AT GASLOG PARTNERS LP

4.1 ESG management and governance

GasLog Partners LP, through its partnership agreements with GasLog Ltd., utilizes shared expertise and ESG resources to assess and develop ESG targets and initiatives, and ensure they are sustained. The GasLog Ltd. Board, through its Safety and Sustainability Committee, assumes ultimate responsibility and oversight of ESG. Board members and the CEO of GasLog Partners LP attend the Safety and Sustainability Committee meetings to ensure safety and sustainability matters relating to the Partnership are adequately considered.

4.2 ESG reporting and materiality

We have adopted the SASB recommendation for Marine Transportation, supported by additional indicators. Modifications to the metrics and/or the calculation methodology are included in our disclosure notes. The SASB Marine Transportation standard provides useful guidance on material topics, however, we have also performed our materiality analysis, via GasLog Ltd., by garnering our key external stakeholders' (banks, customers, investors) feedback on our ESG program and disclosures.

As shown in the graph on the right, we mapped materiality along two dimensions¹¹: impact on external stakeholders and impact on business operations and financial performance. Through this exercise we confirmed our focus areas, ensuring alignment with our key stakeholders. Decarbonization, air quality, and ecological impacts are the most significant issues for our industry while governance and health and safety issues are considered minimum requirements to do business. Ship recycling is another important issue for the industry, however, due to our modern fleet (average age of under 11 years), we did not need to recycle any ships.

CEO's Foreword

4.3 UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

We have also used the UN SDGs as another framework against which we review our portfolio of initiatives. Together with our ship manager, we have selected SDG 3 (Good Health and Wellbeing), SDG 5 (Gender Equality), SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth), SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure), SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities), SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production), SDG 13 (Climate Action), SDG 14 (Life below Water), and SDG 15 (Life on Land) as the most relevant to the maritime industry and those that we can influence. The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has also identified the standards that make the most significant contribution toward each goal.





















Through our ISO standards' compliance, we further contribute to SDG 1 (No Poverty), SDG 2 (Zero Hunger), SDG 4 (Quality Education), SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation), SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy), SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities), and SDG 16 (Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions).

















4.4 Climate change risks and opportunities

We closely monitor best practices and developments in ESG standards and frameworks. We align in part to the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) requirements, supporting its aims to improve the transparency and reporting of climate-related risks and opportunities.

Potential climate change risks and opportunities relevant to our business are presented in the Appendix of this report, where we also provide a TCFD index for our relevant disclosures.



- 1 Air quality
- 2 Business ethics (ABC)
- 3 Climate change risk assessment
- 4 Critical incident risk management
- 5 Data security/cybersecurity
- 6 Ecological impacts/pollution
- 7 Employee engagement, Diversity, Equity & Inclusion
- 8 Employee health and safety
- 9 GHG emissions
- 10 Human rights and community relations

- 11 Ship recycling
- 12 Stakeholder engagement
- 13 Supply chain decarbonization

11 Double Materiality: Refer to 'EU NFRD 2019' and the Commission's '2017 Non-Binding Guidelines on Non-Financial Reporting', whereby "a company is required to disclose information on environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, and bribery and corruption, to the extent that such information is necessary for an understanding of the company's development, performance, position and impact of its activities" (Article 19a (1) of Directive 2013/34/EU (introduced by Directive 2014/95/EU, the Non-Financial Reporting Directive)).





GASLOG PARTNERS LP's INITIATIVES

Our ESG program continues to focus on three areas:

1 Decarbonization

2 Safety and Wellbeing

3 DE&I

These focus areas are aligned with our internal and external stakeholders' input, and each has a clear ambition and initiatives designed to achieve it. The table on the right summarizes our ESG program, while our initiatives are further detailed in this section.

Our ESG program is an integral part of our strategy.

Our focus areas are:	Decarbonization	Safety and Wellbeing	DE&I	
Our ambitions are:	Committed to 2050 net-zero	Committed to zero incidents through a safe and resilient workplace for all	Improve DE&I at all levels with a focus on gender	
Our key initiatives are:	 Fleet decarbonization planning Joint venture maritime decarbonization center (CLEOS) Assessing new technologies Pilot projects Industry collaborations 	 Keep high safety records Enhance resilience mindset Leadership development Implementation of Safety and ESG suggestions Pulse/Engagement surveys 	 All Aboard Alliance active participation Data, gap analysis and drivers Female cadetship and mentorship programs Balanced talent acquisition Annual diversity survey for sea and shore staff 	
Our approach is:	Partnerships: Seek industry p three pillars: environmental, so Transparency and relevance:	partners and high-impact forums to drive change across all		



5.1 Decarbonization

Standing still on the climate agenda is not an option. For us, contributing to climate action means: (1) complying with emerging IMO regulations; (2) working on technical and operational improvements (in collaboration with our charterers and vendors); and (3) supporting high potential industry collaborations and pilot projects.

Climate challenge/GHG and air emissions

Total CO₂ emissions decreased in 2022, compared to the previous year, whilst average AER increased. The sale of an old generation vessel and the higher idle periods and lower average sailing speed, compared to 2021, impacted the emitted CO₂, which was reduced by approximately 5 percent year on year.

However, this reduction was not reflected in the AER, since the increased idle time (approximately +10 percent), due to port congestion globally, and the lower average sailing speed (approximately -0.8 knots) led to reduced transport work and increased thermal oxidation of boil-off gas (GCU usage +22 percent) to control LNG tanks pressure. The latter resulted in emissions without relevant transport work being produced. In addition, there was higher use of fuel oil (VLSFO, Very-low sulfur fuel oil or LSMGO, Low sulfur marine gas oil) versus LNG as a fuel (18 percent versus 12 percent in 2021), to achieve maximum cargo outturn.

These operating profile changes negatively impacted our 2022 AER, which increased by 7 percent year on year. Of our 15 vessels, three (20 percent of the fleet), make the highest contribution on this AER increase (+31 percent on average), that is mainly attributed to their increased idle time (approximately +182 percent).

CEO's Foreword

AER is significantly impacted by the operating profile of the ships, controlled through our charterers' voyage instructions. It is therefore evident that the design and construction of energy efficient ships needs to be combined with the efficient operation of the ships (utilization, speed, fuel ratio) to minimize the carbon intensity.

Owners and charterers need to closely collaborate having a holistic view of the vessel's energy performance and the voyage requirements. We expect energy efficiency improvements for our fleet in the coming years due to the planned dry dockings and the application of state-of-the art coating schemes.

Our approach on addressing the climate challenge centers on the following activities:

I. Operational measures/working with

Vessel speed reduction can radically lower emissions. A 1-knot speed reduction can reduce emissions by up to 6 percent. We are committed to working with our charterers to implement appropriate speed reductions. In addition, optimizing voyage planning, weather routing, engine load distribution and vessel trim configuration can yield further emissions savings of up to 5 percent.

In line with our ship manager's digital transformation strategy the increased use of data from the vessels will enhance our data-based decision-making for optimized voyage planning and sustainable vessel operations. We deploy digitalization tools to support our charterers on optimizing operations and thus improve the vessels' efficiency. We have installed the Vessel Insight system onboard our ships, a new sensor data acquisition system provided by Kongsberg Digital,

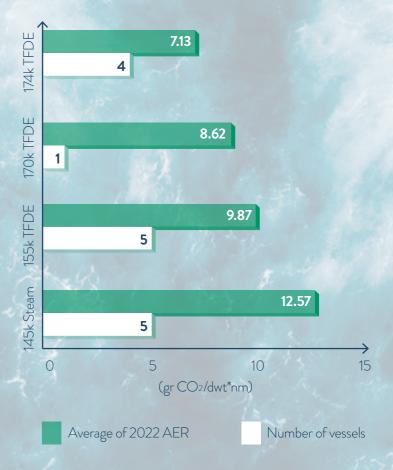
and have worked, together with our ship manager, with an external consultant on a performance management trial project, to enhance the visualization, monitoring, and analysis of the vessels' performance. GasLog Ltd.'s latest agreement with Shell and Kongsberg Maritime, to implement hydrodynamic (trim and draft) optimization software (JAWS) on Shell-chartered vessels, is another initiative in the same direction. These are examples of our collaboration with our customers enabling synergies for the achievement of optimized technical and operational performance. In parallel, we have worked on dedicated CII and EEXI charterparty clauses, used for our discussions with our charterers, that commit both parties to joint efforts towards efficient operations.

II. Technical measures

Our ship manager has a history of installing energysaving devices (e.g., rudder bulbs, saver fins and hull-air lubrication systems) and applying the latest anti-fouling coatings to minimize water resistance. Such measures could potentially improve the vessels' emissions profile by up to 5 percent.

In 2022, together with our ship manager, we assessed existing technical efficiency improvement options for our fleet and developed our ship-specific decarbonization plans, projecting our vessels' CII trajectory in the coming years and comparing it to the IMO trajectory. Specific targets were set through the selection of technical and operational measures. These form our guide for the development of our Ship Energy Efficiency Management Plan (SEEMP Part III). Among other initiatives, in 2023 we will work on expanding the implementation of trim optimization to the entire fleet as part of the performance management system.

Average of 2022 AER per vessel type and cargo capacity





III. Future technologies

Our ship manager stays abreast of technological developments and considers incorporating innovative solutions as they become commercially available. Examples include assessment of wind assisted propulsion devices, investigation of alternative uses of our assets, and the evaluation of fuel cell technologies and exhaust gas emissions (CO_2/CH_4) capture solutions. Although the technical options available on a commercial scale today are limited, in the long term we believe there is the potential to reduce emissions at source by up to 90 percent.

We are confident in our ship manager's ability to evaluate these technologies and move quickly as evidenced by their several 'industry firsts'.

In 2023 they will further explore methane slip reduction solutions and the potential use of biofuels and carbon neutral fuels.

IV. Industry collaboration/pilot projects

Partnerships between shipowners, technology companies, fuel innovators/traders, organizations, and regulators can scale demand, accelerate funding for pilot projects, and catalyze regulatory alignment. Accordingly, GasLog Ltd. actively engages in the following:

a) Industry projects: Our ship manager joined a development project with one charterer to install a continuous emissions monitoring system (reporting carbon dioxide and methane emissions per voyage) onboard two ships. The feasibility and engineering studies were completed, the equipment was delivered to the ships, and installation is expected within 2023.

CEO's Foreword

- On the development projects of Solid Oxide Fuel Cells and Carbon Capture System (CCS) technologies onboard LNG carriers, they completed the techno-economic analyses and are currently exploring opportunities with shipbuilders and vendors for a small-scale implementation onboard our vessels.
- b) Industry forums: GasLog Ltd. is a founding member of the Global Maritime Forum and the Getting to Zero Coalition. Their company leadership is personally involved in the Coalition's strategy group, whose ambition is to have commercially viable zero-emission vessels operating along deep-sea trade routes by 2030, supported by the necessary infrastructure for scalable net-zero-carbon energy sources including production, distribution, storage, and bunkering. They also actively contribute and promote shipping decarbonization through their membership of various organizations and technical committees (ABS, DNV, SIGTTO, OCIMF, MARTECMA and Intertanko).



FORUM



c) **CLEOS Maritime Decarbonization Hub:** We are proud of our ship manager's initiative to form the 'CLEOS' Maritime Decarbonization Hub, in collaboration with Drylog and Olympic Shipping. This center aims to perform and coordinate research and development work in the fields of energy, fuels, and decarbonization technologies for safe, commercially viable, and customized technologies needed to move towards a netzero carbon maritime industry.

CL = OS

Marine ecology, waste, and recycling

From the application of environmentally friendly paints on our vessels, to the handling of waste onboard and installation of ballast water treatment systems, we comply with all applicable MARPOL (International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships) and port-state authority recommendations. We maintain a ship-specific Inventory of Hazardous Materials (IHM) and statements of compliance have been issued by the classification societies for all our vessels. All our ships have received an ENVIRO, an ENVIRO+, or a CLEAN notation from our classification societies, demonstrating compliance with their stringent guidelines for environmental protection.

Due to our relatively modern fleet (average age of under 11 years), we did not need to recycle any ships. Nevertheless, we support and will adhere to the Hong Kong International Convention for the Safe and Environmentally Sound Recycling of Ships 2009, should we elect to recycle vessels in the future.

12 Carbon credits for lubricants volume purchased by GasLog LNG Services Ltd.

Our ship manager has not spilled or released toxic substances or waste since the inception of its operations over 12 years ago.





Since 2020, through an agreement with Shell, we have supplied our fleet with carbon neutral marine lubricants.

This deepened our commitment to utilizing net-zero fuels and lubricants and strengthened our partnership with one of our major customers. For calendar year 2022, GasLog Ltd. offset 10,256 tonnes¹² of CO₂e via Shell's portfolio of nature-based solutions, for both the GasLog Ltd. and GasLog Partners LP fleet.



5.2 Safety and Wellbeing

We aim to be a great place to work. We believe that shared values, common purpose, and the pride of bringing cleaner energy to the world, is why people choose to work and stay at GasLog.



Safety, resilience, and labor conditions Safety underpins our culture and is the primary consideration in how we conduct all our activities. We encourage a continuous learning culture, and all staff receive regular training in health, safety, social, and environmental risks.

We constantly reinforce our commitment to safety and to that end in 2022 our ship manager introduced regular safety stand downs for sea and shore staff. Our ship manager's Take the Lead program incorporates all the safety initiatives and key indicators for promoting our safety culture and the wellbeing of our employees. In summary, Take the Lead is a vision to attain what we all aspire to; an incident-free workplace where our wellbeing is safeguarded. It is our compass, enabling us to keep our orientation and clarity of scope and vision. Take the Lead goal is **Goal 0** – staying at zero is within our control, and much of this depends on what we believe and how we behave.

CEO's Foreword

Our ship manager has a strong track record for the efficient, safe, and reliable operation of the LNG carriers under their management. As of 31 December 2022, we reached approximately 10.8 million manhours without an LTI (Lost Time Injury) for our owned/ bareboat fleet. The LTIF (Lost Time Injury Frequency) and TRCF (Total Recordable Case Frequency) statistics consistently and significantly outperform industry averages and our ship manager has won numerous awards for their safety performance. In 2022, GasLog consistently enjoyed the top position among more than 46 shipping companies, on charter to our key customers; an assessment quarterly performed. GasLog was acknowledged for its contribution to the development and operation of the Hellenic Marine Environment Protection Association's (HELMEPA) Voluntary Incident Reporting Platform and received the 2022 World LNG Shipping award at the 22nd World LNG Summit & Awards, in recognition of its operational excellence and its contribution to the development and future of the LNG industry.

GasLog's management team promotes the 'Best Safety and ESG Suggestions' program through actively supporting the implementation of the suggestions coming through it. This program aims to cultivate a continuous improvement culture and encompass the broader principles of ESG. Amongst the initiatives adopted in 2022 are those of fleetwide implementation of digital medical solutions and media entertainment libraries onboard our vessels.

In 2022 they revamped the safety leadership workshops and conducted 18 onboard training courses following the new process.

They organized four ship-shore engagement meetings, hosted two virtual crew conferences, and launched 'Take the Lead' quarterly themes to raise awareness on safety and wellbeing issues onboard and ashore.

They continue their partnership and collaboration with other industry organizations in initiatives such as 'Shell's Maritime Partners in Safety' and are a founding member of 'HiLo', the only risk management company in the world using big data analytics to predict and prevent maritime catastrophes.









We believe that care for our people, the excellent living conditions and working areas on our vessels, along with our deeply embedded safety culture, are underlying reasons for our high retention rates for officers and crew.





We are determined to be a pillar of support, helping our people to feel safe, secure, and optimistic about the future, and giving them the tools to build resilience.



Responding to emerging crises

Rescue emergencies

We are proud of our crews' response to rescue emergencies; in 2022 one of our vessels was called to respond to such an incident. Our crew followed procedures and took all precautions to provide the required assistance until safely disembarking rescued people, as per Maritime Rescue Co-ordination Centers' (MRCCs) instructions. Our ship manager is a proud AMVER (Atlantic Merchant Vessel Emergency Reporting) program participant and in 2022 they received an award for the voluntary participation of their managed ships in this humanitarian program. They also received a 'Letter of Commendation' from the Bermuda Maritime Administration, recognizing the effective rescue operations completed by GasLog vessels.

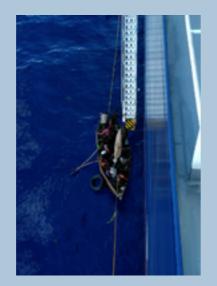




Our seafarers prove at every opportunity their commitment to prioritizing human life.

CEO's Foreword





Ukraine crisis

The eruption of war in Ukraine, in February 2022, rose to the top of our priorities in protecting the safety and wellbeing of our Ukrainian colleagues and supporting their families. We took measures and continue to support our colleagues and their families as the situation evolves. We have a 24/7 office hotline and provide external 24/7 counseling and employee wellbeing services, in-person, online, or by phone. We have facilitated, and continue to facilitate, requests for early disembarkation or service extensions onboard our vessels and provide alternative arrival destinations. Where needed, we support requests for family relocation both within and outside Ukraine and have allocated funds to provide direct financial aid.

Our hearts go out to all those affected by the war.

Turkey and Syria earthquakes

In January 2023, two devastating earthquakes struck Turkey and Syria, killing more than 50,000 people and injuring tens of thousands more. Thousands of people, including refugees, needed shelter, food, and water. We directed our efforts to provide emergency relief to our colleagues and the countries affected.

We extend our deepest sympathies to those affected by the earthquakes.

COVID-19 pandemic

The continued COVID-19-related complications challenged our operational resilience for another year, yet we responded with commitment, remaining loyal to our values of teamwork, customer focus, and reliability that allowed us to pull through the pandemic. To keep our people safe, we maintained and further strengthened all the preventive measures that proved effective during the previous years (COVID-19 testing, personal protective equipment (PPE) protocols, voluntary vaccinations in ports of call). To help our crew cope and remain resilient, we continued offering increased internet allowances and further enhanced communication channels with the office.

Where staff had to be physically present in our manager's office and visit our vessels or construction worksites, we complied with all applicable regulatory guidelines. As a proactive measure, our ship manager also provided masks and self-tests to all employees.



SASB KPIs

5.3 DE&I

Improving the diversity, equity and inclusion of our workforce is a business priority, as we believe it improves our access to a wider talent pool, spurs innovation, enriches deliberations, enhances our ability to relate to our customers and supply chain, and leads to better business results. The shipping industry has lagged behind other industries in DE&I and we believe immediate collaborative steps are needed to move us from intent to impactful action. GasLog is committed to be at the forefront of this change.

Through our involvement in the All Aboard Alliance, an initiative of the Global Maritime Forum (GMF), together with our ship manager, we aspire to contribute to the identification of patterns that prevent the maritime industry from fully leveraging women's talents and contributions, and then use that knowledge to make systematic changes. We want to combat the stigma associated with our industry, often referred to as 'outdated' and 'old fashioned'. We believe that the industry needs greater gender diversity to help it modernize and prepare for the future and must act collectively and sensitively to make this happen. We plan to further enhance our training and awareness sessions on DE&I issues across the organization in the coming year.



We believe sustainability and DE&I go hand in hand.

Measuring and improving our diversity

Disparities between men and women persist globally in the form of uneven opportunities for advancement, and unbalanced representation in decision-making roles. Women make up 36.6 percent of GasLog Ltd.'s shore staff but only 9 percent of their senior leadership, while women make up 18 percent of Gaslog Partner's leadership. To address and overcome this we need to have more women in positions of leadership, providing the support and role models women need to advance in their careers, and bring about much-needed changes in the workplace, benefiting both genders. This is why, together with our ship manager, we continue to pursue initiatives such as our mentoring program, intentional recruitment, and hybrid flexible work policy.

At GasLog, we started introducing more women at sea several years ago by ensuring a high proportion of female cadet intake, a welcoming environment on board, as well as talent acquisitions including the hire of our first female master in 2021. Female cadets comprised 20 percent of our cadetship program in 2022, well above the ratio of Greek maritime female graduates.

Though the majority of our ship manager's shore staff is Greek, we have 13 and 11 nationalities represented at shore and sea sides respectively and while LNG shipping is our core competency, we actively employ talent from different industries and backgrounds to widen our knowledge and expertise.

We believe an important part of improving our DE&I record is to have meaningful, accurate, and complete data and metrics that help us recognize patterns, track progress over time, and compare ourselves to others.

Developing our people

Gaslog Ltd. invests in training and personal development to ensure our people remain highly competent and prepared to perform well in an environment of changing industry demands.

They run an extensive cadet program to train the best candidates from maritime colleges each year. They offer ship-shore transfers and short-term rotational development assignments.

GasLog's in-house training and assessment center represents our ambition to ensure that only the most qualified seafarers are placed and retained onboard. It is staffed by masters and chief engineers who are familiar with the GasLog culture and our high operating standards, and thus are well placed to assess and guide our future talent.





We believe that equity and inclusion, alongside diversity, is needed to ensure not just equal opportunity but also equal outcomes for our people and better outcomes for our business.



Reward

Our primary service provider, GasLog LNG Services Ltd., offers its employees a competitive mix of salary, bonus, and benefits, and reviews their pay practices and market positioning regularly to ensure they are able to attract, retain, and motivate high-caliber talent. Their annual incentive plans ensure rewards are tied to business performance, in which ESG key business indicators (KBIs) are included.

Investing in our seafarers

We comply with the International Labour Organization (ILO) requirements. We pay our seafarers, employed via GasLog LNG Services Ltd., at rates above the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) framework under the International Transport Workers Federation (ITF) and our crew benefits include health, catering, and safety management of the highest standards. We will continue to invest in world-class internet access so that our people onboard can keep in touch with their families ashore. We also balance service time and home leave while offering support to our seafarer families via our offices in the Philippines and Greece, when required. In 2022, our ship manager empowered these support services by creating a dedicated role in the office in Greece.

Human rights - modern slavery

GasLog Partners LP does not tolerate any form of slavery, forced labor, or human trafficking in our operations and supply chain and we have implemented controls, through our ship manager, to ensure that it does not occur. We expect suppliers to hold their own suppliers to the same high standards and whilst we do not audit our full supply chain, our ship manager has implemented a due diligence review process for those suppliers and vendors categorized as 'high risk' in terms of anti-bribery and corruption or modern slavery. GasLog is certified and complies with the Maritime Labour Convention (MLC), the International Safety Management Code (ISM) and the International Ship and Port Facility Security Code (ISPS). The ISM and ISPS strictly prohibit stowaways and any form of human trafficking.

GasLog gives back

GasLog's success makes it possible for us to contribute to the wellbeing of the communities in which we operate. We contribute to the GasLog Ltd. annual charitable donation budget, which is managed by a Charity Committee. The Audit and Risk Committee of the GasLog Ltd. Board oversees all charitable donations, which all undergo Dow Jones screening¹³.





ΣΥΝ-ΕΝΩΣΙΣ



¹³ Real-time screening against news relating to financial crime or reputational risk, as well as the identification of sanctions risk and politically exposed persons.

HELMEPA

GasLog Ltd. is a proud member of both the Hellenic and the North American Marine Environment Protection Association (HELMEPA and NAMEPA). HELMEPA, as a UN-accredited NGO, has been contributing to the work of the United Nations Environment Program for over 30 years and has also been committed to supporting the UN SDGs. Every year HELMEPA also offers Masters' degree scholarships for maritime studies around the world, in memory of the late honorary and founding member George P. Livanos.















GasLog Partners LP's Initiatives 21

5.4 Status of initiatives

Action/Initiative	In progress	Embedded
DECARBONIZATION/SASB KPI TOPIC: GHG emissions, Air quality, Ecological impacts, Ship efficiency	y index	
Maintain the Energy Conservation and Decarbonization Roadmap (ECR) that includes evaluation of technological and operational developments and identification of pilot technologies.		•
Performance management project.	•	
Voyage management project.	•	
Maintain membership/review partnership in various maritime technical committees.		•
Maintain executive/senior leadership active presence in Getting to Zero workshops.		•
Identify and evaluate methane abatement technologies; perform pilot test.		
Explore potential use of biofuels and carbon neutral fuels through also carrying out a trial.		
Measure, manage, and reduce air travel emissions.	•	
 Decarbonization Plan 1) Fleet assessment in view of the IMO forthcoming regulations and market-based measures, analysis of improvement measures per vessel. 2) Assessment of implemented measures and their impact on vessels' carbon footprint. 		A
Cascade decarbonization objectives to officers.	A	
Include ESG targets in induction/briefing of seafarers.		A
Develop a dedicated time charter party (TCP) clause on EEXI/CII and Emissions Trading, to use in new and, where required, existing TCPs.		A
Engage with charterers to request amending existing and new TCPs that don't have EEXI/CII and ETS wording; offer GasLog-led workshops to promote understanding of EEXI/CII and ETS amongst customers.		
SAFETY AND WELLBEING/SASB KPI TOPIC: Stakeholder engagement, Employee health & safety, Accident	t and safety ma	nagement
Expand resilience training to shore staff in addition to ship crew.		•
Provide ship and shore assignment programs for career development and to promote a one-team culture.		
Provide shore support services for seafarer families through the establishment of a dedicated role in the Company.		A
Carry out annual pulse engagement surveys and develop action plans.		A
Continue senior leadership visits to vessels.		A
Commence Performance Index (PI) training for masters and chief engineers and shore-based employees. This will allow leaders to communicate more effectively.	•	

Action/Initiative	In progress	Embedded
SAFETY AND WELLBEING: (CONTINUED)		
Commence soft skills development through in-house training for senior officers and junior officers.	•	
Revamp the Safety Leadership workshops; in-house training for the workshop facilitators (shore staff) that will train the ship crew.		A
Introduce Safety stand downs for sea and shore staff to emphasize attention on our key value of safety.		
DE&I/SASB KPI TOPIC: Employee engagement		
Ensure our recruitment practices allow us to attract a diverse talent pool, including working to improve our gender balance.		•
Ensure we have a strong cadet scheme with a multinational intake.		A
Comprehensive pre- and post-service debriefing for all officers and crew.	•	
Run annual diversity survey and/or focus sessions to gauge gender bias as experienced by shipboard and shore staff respectively at GasLog.		A
Continue high-potential female mentoring and development program.		A
Senior management team to introduce Diversity Moment at the beginning of key meetings.	•	
Continue to actively participate in the All Aboard Alliance workstreams and projects.		
Design and conduct training program for raising awareness, accountability, and action orientation on DE&I for all shore staff and sea staff officers.	•	
FOUNDATIONAL/SASB KPI TOPIC: Business ethics, Data security		
Evaluation of climate-related financial risk: Review external landscape for reporting and align with stakeholder requirements.	•	
Perform annual cybersecurity drill and develop action plan for identified issues.		•
Vulnerability assessment and penetration test by external firm (on shore and ship).		•
Bring Your Own Device policy development.	•	•
Execute the Cybersecurity 2022 plan.		
Maintain donation levels (child welfare/orphanages, cancer funds, pediatric research, COVID-19 relief efforts, and the Mission to Seafarers) whilst evaluating a broader set of worthy causes and reviewing and expanding the Charity Committee's composition to adapt to continuing humanitarian emerging needs.		•
Shore and sea staff awareness and training on recycling, water and energy conservation policy (lifestyle awareness).		
Monitor office energy consumption.		A

■ New initiative ▲ Change in status



CEO's Foreword

5.5 Leadership and governance

Board and Management

Our Board of Directors consists of five members and met 11 times in 2022, virtually or in-person. The Board oversees management and seeks to assure that the interests of all shareholders are served.

We rely solely on the executive officers of GasLog Ltd., or its applicable affiliate, to provide executive officer services for our benefit, pursuant to the administrative services agreement, and who are responsible for our day-to-day management subject to the direction of our Board of Directors. Operational management is headed by our CEO, who is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Partnership, controls its affairs and business, and works with the Board to develop our business strategy.

We are a 'foreign private issuer' under the securities laws of the US and the rules of the NYSE. As such, we are not required to appoint a majority of independent Directors. However, the current Board is majority independent (four of five qualify as independent). As a result of its ownership of the general partner, GasLog Partners GP LLC, wholly owned by GasLog, appoints the majority of the Partnership's directors. Our Class I and Class III Directors were elected by our Common Unitholders and will hold office until the 2025 and 2024 annual meetings of limited partners, respectively. Our other directors were appointed by our general partner in its sole discretion.

Our financial disclosures can be found in our 2022 Annual Report in the Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on 6 March 2023 and can be read at gaslogmlp.com/investors/annual-quarterly-reports/.

Committee structure

The Board has two standing committees: the Audit Committee and the Conflicts Committee. The Committee Chairs report the highlights of their meetings to the full Board meeting following each meeting. Both the Audit Committee and Conflicts Committee are comprised solely of independent directors. The charter of each committee is available at the Partnership's website (gaslogmlp.com/investors/governance) along with our Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Zero tolerance

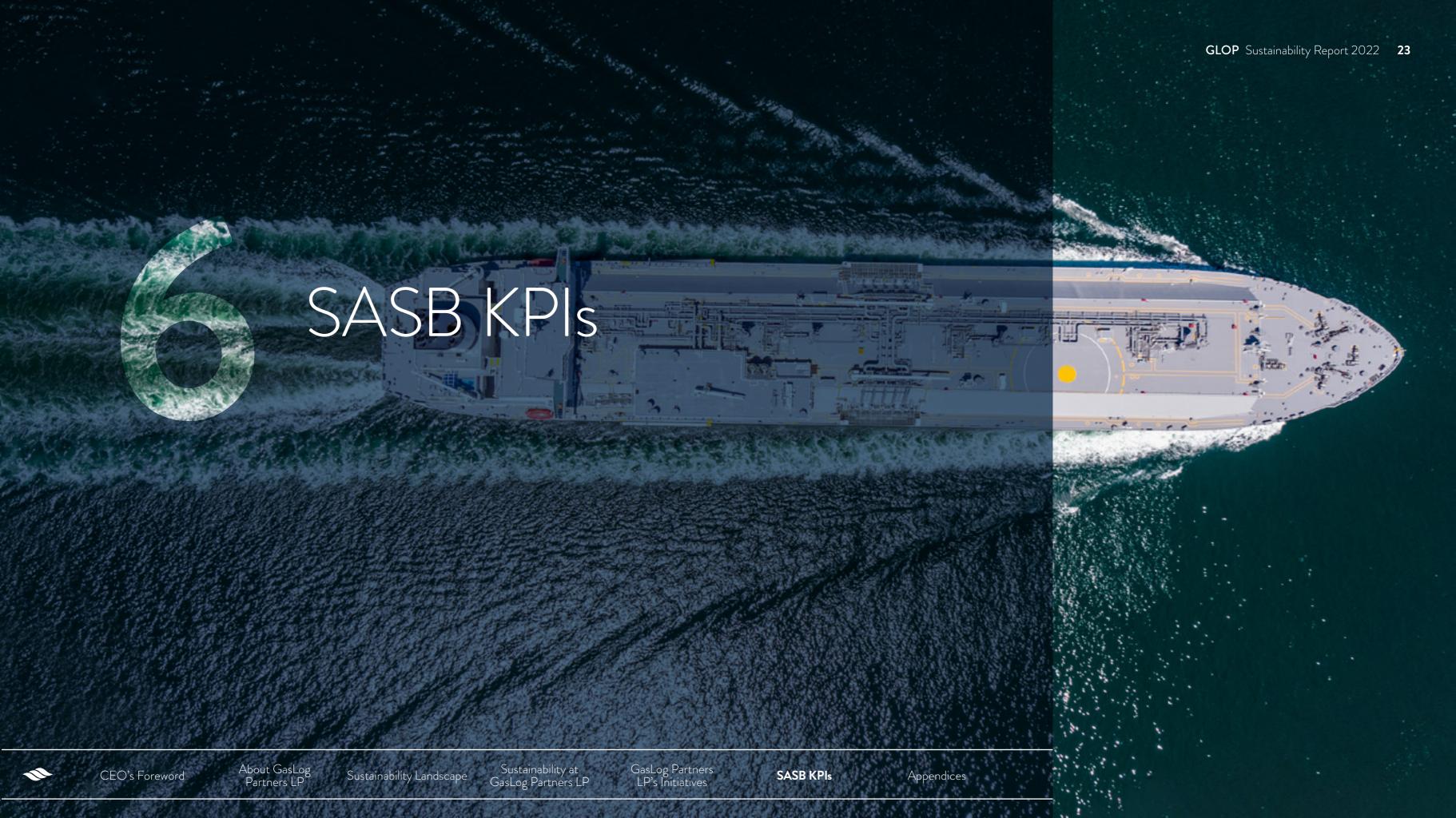
We have zero tolerance for bribery and corruption, discrimination, harassment, and bullying. Our ship manager's employees are required to attest to our Anti-Bribery and Corruption policy and to our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. They undertake annual online training to ensure they are informed about the latest requirements and can recognize and report breaches. The Board and senior management team consistently reinforce our zero-tolerance approach and we provide a confidential whistleblower hotline, through GasLog Ltd., for reporting breaches or concerns and encourage its use, thus promoting our no-retaliation policy.

Corporate structure





We believe that acting responsibly and fairly are important factors in achieving long-term business success. We strive to achieve our long-term goals and, hence, always maintain the highest standards of integrity, safety, and fairness.



SASB KPIs

SASB Sustainability disclosure topic	2022	2021	Comments
GHG EMISSIONS			
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) tonnes ^θ	1,107,104	1,163,199	Sale of one steam vessel and reduction on the average speed.
Methane (CH ₄) tonnes ^θ	2,447	2,781	Increased use of fuel oil compared to 2021 levels.
Total GHG (CO ₂ e) ¹	1,187,667	1,253,143	
Total energy consumed Gigajoules ^k 1) Fleet	1) 18,225,922	1) 19,611,335	
2) Office electricity	2) N/A	2) N/A	2) US office downsize in Q2 2020.
Average fleet percentage of energy consumed by liquid fuel oils $(\%)^{\lambda}$	18.10%	10.80%	Charterers' voyage instructions.
SHIP EFFICIENCY INDEX			
Average EEDI CO ₂ grams/tonnes*nm ^µ : 1) Operating fleet	N/A	N/A	Fleet unchanged.
2) Newbuilds		•	100 July 100 July 200
Average EEXI CO ₂ grams/tonnes*nm ^v	6.77	N/A	KPI addition (IMO MEPC 78).
Average fleet EEOI CO ₂ grams/cargo*nm ^v	24.20	22.70	
Average fleet Annual Efficiency Ratio (AER) CO ₂ grams/tonnes*nm ^v	9.96	9.31	Increased use of fuel oil vs. LNG compared to 2021 levels.
AIR QUALITY	•	•	
$SOxtonnes^{\xi}$	586	321	
$NOx tonnes^{\xi}$	4,710	3,685	Increased use of fuel oil compared to 2021 levels.
Particulate matter (PM10) tonnes ^ξ	461.4	279	
ECOLOGICAL IMPACTS			
Volume of plastic sent ashore m³/vessel ^O	1.5	2.7	Improvement via several internal initiatives and external factors.
% of fleet implementing ballast water $^{\pi}$: 1) Exchange	1) 27%	1) 27%	
2) Treatment	2) 73%	2) 73%	
Spills/releases to the environment ^p : 1) Number	1) 0	1) 1	
2) Aggregate volume (m³)	: 2) 0	2) 0.95	•
EMPLOYEE HEALTH & SAFETY			
LTI/exposure hours ^o	0	0	
FAC (First Aid Case) ^T	1	2	
		•	

SASB Sustainability disclosure topic	2022	2021	Comments
ACCIDENT AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT			
Number of marine casualties, percentage classified as very serious ^u	0	0	
Number of Conditions of Class or Recommendations [®]	0	6	
Number of port state control ^o 1) deficiencies	1) 0	1) 3	
2) detentions	2) 0	2) 0	
STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT			
CEO meetings with key clients	: 10 per quarter	10 per quarter	
Staff - COO/CEO town halls (ship and shore)	14	15	Normalized after the first year of the pandemic.
CEO – COO ship visits ^x	125%	86%	Remote leadership discussions with ships; 8 onboard visits.
EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT, DIVERSITY, EQUITY 8	INCLUSION		
Number of employees (sea staff)	2,204	2,247	
Shore-based retention rate $^{\psi}$	95%	96%	
Sea staff retention rate (senior officers) $^{\psi}$	96%	96%	
Sea staff retention rate (junior officers/crew) $^{\psi}$	96%/95%	97%/97.4%	
% female employees (sea staff)	2.2%	1.7%	Female cadets comprised 20% of our cadetship program in 2022.
Women in leadership and on Board	18%	18%	
Number of nationalities (sea staff)	11	10	
DATA SECURITY			
GDPR breaches	0	0	
Average virus attacks detected per month $^{\omega}$	3	3	Enhanced email protection regime, distribution of virus and malware via email has been limited.
Malicious/SPAM emails detected $^{\omega 1}$	37%	47%	% decrease in monthly average of SPAM/blocked emails as a % of total emails.
BUSINESS ETHICS			
% staff training in Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (shore staff)	100%	100%	
% staff responding to ethics survey	N/A	97.2% shore : 66.7% fleet	This is a biennial survey.
Total amount of monetary losses as a result of legal proceedings associated with bribery or corruption (USD)	0	0	

Shore staff data refer to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. data

CEO's Foreword





APPENDICES

7.1 Glossary

20-F	An annual report submitted to the US Securities and Exchange Commission by non-U.S. and non-Canadian companies that have securities trading in the U.S.
ABS	American Bureau of Shipping
AER	Annual Efficiency Ratio, the carbon intensity indicator defined by IMO: gr CO ₂ /DWT*nm
AMVER	Atlantic Merchant Vessel Emergency Reporting
СВА	Collective bargaining agreement
CCS	Carbon Capture System
CII	Carbon Intensity Indicator
DCS	Data Collection System
DE&I	Diversity, Equity & Inclusion
DNV	Det Norske Veritas
DSG	Diversity Study Group
DWT	Deadweight tonnage
ECR	Energy Conservation and Decarbonization Roadmap
EEDI	Energy Efficiency Design Index
EEOI	Energy Efficiency Operational Indicator
EEXI	Efficiency Existing Ship Index
ESG	Environmental, Social, Governance
ETS	Emissions Trading System
FAC	First Aid Case

FSU	Floating storage unit
GCU	Gas Combustion Unit
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
GHG	Greenhouse gas
GLOG	GasLog Ltd.
GLOP	GasLog Partners LP
GMF	Global Maritime Forum
GWP	Global Warming Potential
HELMEPA	Hellenic Marine Environmental Protection Association
HiLo	(High Impact Low Frequency) Maritime Risk Management
HREDD	Human Rights Environmental Due Diligence
IEA	International Energy Agency
IHM	Inventory of Hazardous Materials
ILO	International Labour Organization
IMO	International Maritime Organization
Intertanko	Intertanko International Association of Independent Tanker Owners
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
ISM	International Safety Management Code
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
ISPS	International Ship and Port Facility Security Code

ITF	International Transport Workers Federation
JAWS	Hydrodynamic optimization software
KBI	Key business indicator
KPI	Key performance indicator
LNG	Liquefied natural gas
LNGC	Liquefied natural gas carrier
LP	Limited Partnership
LTI	Lost Time Injury
LTIF	Lost Time Injury Frequency
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
MARTECMA	Marine Technical Managers Association
MEPC	Marine Environment Protection Committee
MLC	Maritime Labour Convention
MRCC	Maritime Rescue Co-ordination Centre
MRV	Monitoring, Reporting and Verification
MT	Metric tonnes
NAMEPA	North American Marine Environment Protection Association
NGO	Non-governmental organization
Nm	Nautical miles
NOx	Nitrogen oxides

NYSE	The New York Stock Exchange
OCIMF	Oil Companies International Marine Forum
PPE	Personal protective equipment
SASB	Sustainability Accounting Standards Board
SEC	US Securities and Exchange Commission
SEEMP	Ship Energy Efficiency Management Plan
SIGTTO	Society of International Gas Tanker and Terminal Operators
SOx	Sulfur oxides
TCFD	Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures
ТСР	Time charter party
TFDE	Tri-Fuel Diesel Electric Propulsion
The Partnership	GasLog Partners LP
TRCF	Total Recordable Case Frequency
UNCLOS	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea
UNCTAD	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
UN SDGs	United Nations Sustainable Development Goals
WEF	World Economic Forum



CEO's Foreword

Appendices

7.2 Disclaimers and assumptions for SASB KPIs

All information used and presented in this report is the best available at the time of reporting.

(α)	The number of employees on board GasLog LNG Services managed ships as of 31 December 2022 is recorded.	
(β)	The distance (in nautical miles) travelled by owned/ bareboat vessels during the calendar year. Data as per IMO DCS reporting.	
(γ)	Operating days are calculated as the number of available days in a reporting period minus the aggregate number of days that the vessels are off-hire due to unforeseen circumstances (i.e., a measure of days in a reporting period during which vessels actually generate revenue). Solaris is included for the whole year and Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022).	
(δ)	Deadweight tonnage is the sum, for all of the entity's vessels, of the difference in displacement in deadweight tonnes between the light displacement and the actual loaded displacement. Methane Shirley Elisabeth is included.	
(ε)	Total number of port calls for owned/bareboat fleet during the reporting period. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) and Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022).	
(ζ)	Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) and Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022).	

(η)	Loading and discharging operations for owned/bareboat fleet. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services (April 2022) and Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022).
(θ)	Engineering calculations based on consumption and IMO emission factors, for owned/bareboat fleet. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022).
(ι)	Total GHG expressed in CO ₂ equivalent using the Global Warming Potential (GWP) by the 'IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5).'
(K)	Calculation of the total energy consumed according to fuel type and Lower Calorific Values as per IMO MEPC 308(73). Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022).
(λ)	Percentage of the energy consumed, related to VLSFO (Very-low sulfur fuel oil), ULSFO (Ultra-low sulfur fuel oil), and LSMGO (Low sulfur marine gas oil). Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022).
(μ)	An EEDI value is the product of power installed, specific fuel consumption, and carbon conversion, divided by the product of available capacity and vessel speed at design load.
(v)	Calculated in accordance with IMO regulations. Methane Shirley Elisabeth is included and Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd.

PM, NOx and SOx emissions from the combustion of fuels from owned/bareboat vessels have been calculated based on IMO guidelines. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022). Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) as well as Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022). Ships performing ballast water exchange with an efficiency of at least 95 percent volumetric exchange of ballast water have been included. For BW treatment, approved systems must discharge (a) less than 10 viable organisms per cubic meter that are greater than or equal to 50 micrometers in minimum dimension and, (b) less than 10 viable organisms per milliliter that are less than 50 micrometers in minimum dimension and greater than or equal to 10 micrometers in minimum dimension. Figure includes Methane Shirley Elisabeth. Any overboard spills and releases – intentional or accidental – are reported. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) as well as Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022). A Lost Time Incident is an incident that results in

> absence from work beyond the date or shift when it occurred. The rate is based on: (Lost Time Incidents)/ (1,000,000 hours worked). Figure includes Solaris since redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) as well as Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her

Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) as well as Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022). A marine casualty is defined, based on the United (U) Nations International Maritime Organization (IMO)'s Code of International Standards and Recommended Practices for a Safety Investigation into a Marine Casualty or Marine Incident Resolution MSC 255(84), paragraph 2.9, chapter 2 of the General provisions. A very serious marine casualty is defined as a marine casualty involving the total loss of the ship, a death, or severe damage to the environment. Figure includes Solaris since management redelivery to GasLog LNG Services Ltd. (April 2022) as well as Methane Shirley Elisabeth until her sale (September 2022). The percentage is calculated as the number of leaderships (X) visits (onboard/remote) over the total number of vessels managed by GasLog LNG Services Ltd within the year. Following Intertanko methodology Detected viruses for the office infrastructure. Calculation excludes vessels' IT infrastructure.

CEO's Foreword

(April 2022).

sale (September 2022).

Appendices GLOP Sustainability Report 2022 28

7.3 TCFD

Climate change risks and opportunities

Risks		Impact to our business and financials
Policy and legal	Changing international, national, state, and local environmental laws, regulations, treaties, conventions, and standards in force in international waters, or in the jurisdictional waters of the countries in which our ships operate, and in the countries in which our ships are registered.	Compliance cost increase for new requirements and changes in operating procedures (i.e. reduction in cargo capacity, operating speed).
	Increased pricing of GHG emissions. Market-based carbon measures and other carbon policies affect the attractiveness and cost competitiveness of LNG.	Higher operating costs. May reduce global demand for LNG, negatively impacting shipping rates of less efficient vessels.
	Increased ESG reporting requirements.	Increased compliance costs.
	Exposure to litigation.	Increased costs, such as insurance coverage cost for environmental matters.
Technology	Technology advancements and regulations resulting in our ships becoming technologically obsolete.	Impact on the resale value or useful lives of less efficient or older vessels.
	Unsuccessful investments in new technologies.	Capital expenditure (CapEx) investments not paying out.
	Higher emissions of older vessels relative to more modern vessels.	Difficulty in securing employment for these vessels competing with modern vessels.
	Modification costs to transition to lower emission ships.	CapEx investments.
Market	Prevailing low carbon and renewable energy sources.	Potential reduction in global LNG demand, lower shipping rates. Impact on our assets' value.
	Uncertainty of energy sources and of the balance of LNG supply and demand results in increased volatility in the energy market.	Increased volatility in shipping rates, affecting the ability to forecast our fleet performance.
Reputation	Stigmatization of the LNG sector, considered part of the fossil fuel sector.	LNG macro and LNG shipping negatively affected.
	Stakeholders' concerns or negative feedback.	Decreased capital availability at cost-efficient terms.
Acute	Increased severity of extreme weather events.	Transport difficulties, operational downtime, and revenue volatility. Higher costs from negative impact on employees (shore and sea staff health and safety issues).
		Higher operating expenses (OpEx) due to damages in our vessels and LNG supply/demand disruption.
Chronic	Extreme variability in weather conditions.	Increased OpEx and CapEx due to reduced efficiency
	Rising sea levels.	and potential damages to the vessels respectively.
	Rising mean temperatures/variability in wind speeds and shifting wind patterns.	Reduced revenue due to downtime. Increased insurance premiums.

1	Гуре	Opportunities	Impact to our business and financials
	Resource efficiency	Technological solutions on energy consumption.	Reduced operating costs, increased customer satisfaction and engagement leading to higher profitability. Lower GHG emissions and thus lower exposure to the changes in carbon market costs.
			Oil/coal to gas switch improving LNG shipping rates. Reputational benefits affecting profitability.
	Products and services	Accelerate innovation that improves efficiency and reduces air emissions, by joining and supporting pilot projects on the development of alternative fuels and the adoption of new technologies.	Support LNG fundamentals and LNG growth leading to increased demand, strong shipping rates, and investment returns. Reputational benefits. Further growth opportunities on LNG products.
٨	Markets	Access to new markets for LNG as more countries seek to provide cheaper and cleaner energy through importing gas.	Increased shipping rates and income. Further growth opportunities and financial products available. Diversification of financial assets (i.e. sustainability linked bond/ green bonds).
F	Resilience	Sustainability being part of our strategy and operations, driving improvements in shipping efficiency.	Decreased operational costs. Reputational benefits/increased trust within our supply chain partners. Stakeholder engagement. Increased reliability of our ships' supply chain and ability to operate under various conditions.

Our disclosures relevant to TCFD requirements can be found throughout our report, as per the index below.

TCFD themes	Section/Subsection
Governance	ESG management and governance, ESG reporting and materiality, Leadership and governance.
Strategy	Sustainability landscape, Sustainability at GasLog Partners LP, GasLog Partners LP's initiatives.
Risk management	ESG management and governance, ESG reporting and materiality.
Metrics and targets	SASB KPIs and GasLog Partners LP's Initiatives.



CEO's Foreword



We value your feedback.

We welcome any questions, comments or suggestions you might have on this report and on our performance.

Please send your feedback to:

GasLog Ltd. c/o GasLog LNG Services Ltd. 69 Akti Miaouli 18537 Piraeus

Greece

Email: contact@gaslogltd.com

Stay up to date:

- @gaslogIng
- in @gaslogltd
- @gaslog

CEO's Foreword

About GasLog Partners LP

Sustainability Landscape

Sustainability at GasLog Partners LP

GasLog Partners LP's Initiatives

SASB KPIs

Appendices

gaslogmlp.com

